



ANNUAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2025

DOME GOLD MINES LIMITED ABN 49 151 996 566

Dome Gold Mines Ltd

and its controlled entities

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Chairman's Message

Dear Shareholder,

I am pleased to present the Annual Report of Dome Gold Mines Limited for the year ended 30 June 2025.

In the past year, Dome continued to advance toward the development of a magnetite concentrate and construction sand/gravel mining project at Sigatoka. Engineering work on the Feasibility Study has reached the final stages and the Environmental Impact Assessment is in the process of being finalised.

As previously reported, laboratory tests on Sigatoka construction sand confirmed that it is excellent for use in mixes for asphalt and specialty concretes and will meet or exceed all engineering specifications for these materials, even in applications in direct contact with seawater.

During September 2024, myself, Mr Tsubata (Dome Director) and Mr Hinner (Project Development Manager) had the opportunity to visit a CDE Engineering sand processing plant in northern New South Wales (see Plates 3, 4 and 5 in the Director's Report). A similar plant with the addition of magnetite concentrate processing is proposed for the Sigatoka project.

Since the previous financial year the Company has been involved in discussions with the Fiji Government about a plan to remove by dredging heavily silt choked parts of the Sigatoka River that is the cause of seasonal flooding of agricultural land, businesses and villages. The Fiji Government expanded the number of ministries or departments involved in the Desilting Project to include the Department of Environment (DOE), the Mineral Resources Department (MRD) and Lands Department (LD) of the Ministry of Lands and Mineral Resources (MLMR), the Ministry of iTaukei and Cultural Affairs (MiTCA) and the Ministry of Rural and Maritime Development (MRMD). In compliance with Government regulations, the project was advertised nationally on August 10, 2024.

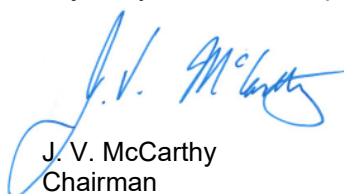
Dome's wholly owned subsidiary Magma Mines Pte Ltd was informed on October 31, 2024 that it had been selected as contractor to undertake the Sigatoka desilting and for this public service would be granted the right to process the dredged material to produce magnetite concentrate and industrial sand and gravel. Desilting could use similar or the same plant and equipment as the proposed Kulukulu South mining project subject to the Feasibility Study.

Since the notification, the commencement of desilting has been delayed due to objections to desilting raised by the Yaubula Committee, a recently formed group intended to assist local iTaukei landowners to participate in resource development projects. Other local groups have expressed public support for desilting as a means to mitigate seasonal flooding and the damage to the community this causes. As a Government project the Company will support decision makers with results of the extensive technical studies completed for its EIA until a final decision is made, which is expected later in 2025.

The Company's applications for renewal of Special Prospecting Licences (SPL) 1451 (gold) and SPL1452 (copper-gold porphyry) were both approved by MRD during July 2024. Each SPL renewal is for a three-year term. During the period the renewal applications were being processed, both gold and copper prices have shown substantial increases, enhancing the exploration potential of the properties.

I thank my fellow Directors, Mr Tadao Tsubata and Ms Sarah Harvey for their continued support. On behalf of the Board, I also sincerely thank the employees and contractors of Dome, who have continued to serve the Company with loyalty and diligence as well as our shareholders whose investment, encouragement and patience are essential to the Company's success.

In closing, Dome is the sole owner of three very valuable mineral assets in Fiji. I am confident that those assets will soon yield real returns to our shareholders. I look forward to a rewarding year as our trajectory toward development of a sand mining operation in Fiji is realised.



J. V. McCarthy
Chairman

Directors' Report

DIRECTORS' DETAILS

The following persons were Directors of Dome during or since the end of the financial year.

Mr John V. McCarthy
Bachelor of Science (St. Francis Xavier University)
Member, Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy
Chairman
Independent Non-Executive Director
Director since 13 January 2021

Mr John V. McCarthy is a Geologist, with extensive knowledge and experience in the resources sector, built up over a career spanning 51 years in mineral exploration. He has worked in Canada, Southern Africa, Indonesia, Vietnam, Fiji and Australia and has previously held senior executive positions in junior exploration companies, both listed and unlisted.

Mr McCarthy worked for Dome initially as a consultant and later as CEO for eight years until May 2019, when he retired to pursue personal interests. During his earlier time with Dome, he took an active role in the listing of the Company on the ASX and its subsequent growth, including Dome's acquisition of Magma Mines Ltd, holder of the Sigatoka Iron Sands Project in Fiji (SPL1495).

Mr John V. McCarthy was appointed as an independent, non-executive Director of the Company on 13 January 2021, and assumed the role of non-executive Chairman from 1 February 2021.

Other current Directorships: None
Previous Directorships (last 3 years): None
Interests in shares: 260,000 shares
Interests in options: None

Mr Tadao Tsubata
Bachelor of Arts in Economics (Kokushikan University, Tokyo)
Non-Executive Director
Director since 8 July 2011

Mr Tadao Tsubata studied at Kokushikan University, Tokyo, in the Department of Politics and Economics, graduating in 1991 with a B.A. in Economics.

From 1991 to 1997, Tadao worked in corporate finance at a large Japanese securities company. From this role, he moved to a major international life insurance and investment company where he was involved in retail offerings and distribution of the business in Japan.

Establishing his first business in life insurance distribution and agencies in 2001, this formed the basis of a new business being a Japanese focused asset management company.

In early 2010, the activities of both the insurance business and the asset management company grew to the extent that a private investment advisory firm was established to specifically target international investments in mining exploration, primary production and other growth industries. Tadao continues in the role of Chief Executive Officer of this business and its international operations including in Australia.

Other current Directorships: None
Previous Directorships (last 3 years): None
Interests in shares: 47,400,638 shares
Interests in options: None

Directors' Report

Ms Sarah Harvey

Bachelor of Arts (University of Adelaide)

Bachelor of Laws (University of Adelaide)

Master of Laws (College of Law, Sydney)

Certificate in Governance Practice (Governance Institute of Australia)

Independent Non-Executive Director

Director from 27 July 2017 until 21 January 2021, reappointed on 24 September 2021

Ms Sarah Harvey is a lawyer and has worked for over 20 years across multiple industries in both private, corporate and government environments. She has experience in providing board advice in strategic planning, due diligence, and government regulatory compliance.

She holds a BA, LLB, Master of Law (In-house Practice), and Certificate in Governance Practice from the Governance Institute of Australia (GIA). She is a member of the Law Society of NSW.

Ms Sarah Harvey resigned as a non-executive Director of the Company on 21 January 2021 and she was reappointed as a non-executive Director of the Company on 24 September 2021.

Other current Directorships: None

Previous Directorships (last 3 years): None

Interests in shares: 26,342,625 shares

Interests in options: None

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr Marcelo Mora holds a Bachelor of Business degree and Graduate Diploma of Applied Corporate Governance. Mr Mora has been a Company Secretary and an accountant for more than 35 years and has experience in resources and mining companies both in Australia and internationally, providing financial reporting and company secretarial services to a range of publicly listed companies. Mr Mora has been the Company Secretary since Dome was incorporated on 8 July 2011.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Group have been the continuing exploration and evaluation of its Projects in Fiji. No significant changes in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL RESULTS

Projects

Dome, through its wholly owned Fijian subsidiaries, Dome Mines Pte Ltd and Magma Mines Pte Ltd holds 100% interest in three Special Prospecting Licences (SPL) in Fiji, namely, SPL1495, the Sigatoka Iron and Industrial Sand Project, SPL1451, the Ono Island Gold Project and SPL1452, the Nadrau Gold-Copper Porphyry Project (see Figure 1 for locations).

Directors' Report



Figure 1 – Dome Gold Mine's Fiji project location map

SPL 1495 Sigatoka Iron and Construction Sand/Gravel and river Desilting Projects

Sigatoka Construction Sand Laboratory Test Results

Dome completed laboratory testwork on construction/industrial sand produced during Pilot Plant processing of a bulk sample from the Sigatoka Project. The tests were conducted under the direction of Mr Ion Dimitru, Technical Manager, Boral Construction Materials Laboratory in Sydney as part of a Definitive Feasibility Study on the Sigatoka Project (see ASX release dated April 12, 2023).

Construction sand (fine aggregate) is a critical material used in construction, being a key ingredient in concrete, asphalt, base and the sub-base of flexible and rigid pavements. About 50 billion tonnes of sand is extracted annually worldwide, being the second most exploited natural resource after water. The consumption of sand, which has tripled over the last 20 years is currently faster than its replacement by natural geological processes and a worldwide sand supply crisis is emerging.

The investigations carried out involved assessment of Sigatoka magnetite mining sand tailings, for use as fine aggregates in concrete mixes, including analysis of physical and chemical properties such as Particle Size Distribution (PSD), water absorption, density, presence or absence of deleterious materials, shape, texture and durability.

Tests completed included: content as well as clay-type analysis of the minus 2 micron fraction, methylene blue adsorption (MBV), sodium sulphate soundness, chloride and sulphate content, Micro Deval and Alkali Silica Reaction (ASR).



Plate 1 – “Run of mine” magnetite bearing construction sand sample from Kulukulu South resource area

Directors' Report



Plate 2 – Construction sand from large scale pilot plant operation tested for asphalt and concrete applications

Performance of the magnetite mining tailings as fine aggregate in high performance concrete was also tested. This work included fresh and hardened concrete properties of a 50 MPa concrete mix, including slump, density, bleeding, air content, setting time, compressive strength and drying shrinkage at 56 days.

Furthermore, concrete durability tests such as sorptivity, water permeability under pressure, volume of permeable voids, chloride penetration/diffusion, etc. were completed. The impact of “low percentage diopside” addition to the concrete mix was also, assessed since diopside is a major non-magnetic heavy mineral in the Sigatoka sand deposit.

Based on these comprehensive results it is concluded that the magnetite mining tailings conform to fine aggregate requirements to be used for engineering processes in Australia. The magnetite mining tailings have a good abrasion, disintegration and abrasion resistance, being non-reactive for ASR.

An operating CDE Engineering construction sand production facility was visited by Dome Directors and senior consultants in September 2024. The plant is similar with the addition of a magnetite concentrate production component to what is proposed for Kulukulu South at Sigatoka (see Plates 3, 4 and 5)¹.

¹ Note: This construction sand processing plant is not the property of Dome Gold Mines Ltd.

Directors' Report



Plate 3 – From left; Mr Tsubata, Mr McCarthy and Mr Hinner representing Dome and Mr Hartmann representing CDE, sand plant in background.

Directors' Report



Plate 4 – Primary wash-screen process on right and dewatering units on left



Plate 5 - Dewatered sand stockpiles and mobile stacker

Directors' Report

In conclusion:

- Sigatoka construction sand as fine aggregates in high performance concrete mixes, conforms to the requirements of AS 3600 – Concrete structures for B2 exposure classification (surface member above-ground in coastal area and in any climate zone and surface in maritime structures in sea water- permanently submerged);
- With proper concrete mix designs, Sigatoka construction sand is suitable to be used, as fine aggregates, in high performance concretes, including:
 - a. Concrete for bridges
 - b. Concrete in marine environments
 - c. Shotcrete in tunnelling and underground mining operations
 - d. Concrete pavements
 - e. Precast concrete panels, etc.

Sigatoka Magnetite Concentrate



Plate 6 – Magnetite concentrate from large scale pilot plant processing

Detrital magnetite is present with the sand and gravel at Sigatoka and will be recovered during processing. The quality of this product for use in production of steel has been shown in both small and bulk sample pilot plant operations.

Directors' Report

During November-December 2023 the Company was approached by Dayals Steel Pte Limited operators of a steel production facility at the town of Ba, Fiji. These discussions resulted in the signing of a non-binding MOU about potential purchase of up to 30,000 tonnes of Sigatoka magnetite concentrate per year should the project reach the operational stage. Although there is no guarantee that the MOU will eventuate into a formal agreement it is encouraging that a potential customer for the product is located in Fiji.

Dayals Steels Pte Limited is an expanding steel company located at Ba on Fiji's main island of Viti Levu. It is the only Fijian steel company to achieve ISO9001 Quality Management System, ISO14001.

Sigatoka Project Feasibility and Environmental Assessment Study Updates

An expert's review of the draft feasibility study nominated several additional study programs that required completion before the Sigatoka Feasibility Study could be finalised. These studies are now nearing completion after which the FS report will be compiled. The work needed was: 1) marine and river surveys to determine bulk product shipping options (LIDAR survey in preparation); 2) Geotech and water bore drilling on the Kulukulu South mining area and at the processing plant site east side of the Sigatoka River (underway); 3) mine plan and schedule for the Kulukulu South area where the first 7 years of mining will take place; 4) magnetite recovery testwork by the supplier of natural rotary magnet supplier in China (completed) and 5) design engineering to adapt the CDE sand screening and washing plant for the magnetite recover circuit. Work on these outstanding items is estimated to be completed by December 2025.

The review determined since removal of the non-magnetic heavy minerals was no longer required, a less complicated and lower capital cost process plant recovering magnetite concentrate followed by a standard sand-gravel washing and screening plant would be the best option for the project. The processing change involves not only simplification of process plant but also significant savings in both capital and operating costs.

As mentioned above, laboratory tests completed on the Sigatoka construction sand determined it can be used in both asphalt and concrete mixes that satisfy engineering standards even for high compressive strength and specialty concretes. Importantly, based on its content of the pyroxene mineral diopside, the concrete produced demonstrates resistance to concrete cancer and can be used in direct contact with seawater in marine environments.

The final draft of the comprehensive Sigatoka Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) study in compliance with Terms of Reference (TOR) issued by the Department of Environment (DOE) was reviewed by management and was subsequently submitted to DOE for assessment. However, the draft EIA was later returned to the company by DOE, because as the Feasibility Study continued, it identified areas of operational execution that required some revision of the EIA which are currently under review. In conjunction with the Feasibility Study the EIA will support an application for a Special Mining Lease at Sigatoka.

Sigatoka River Desilting Project

Discussions continued during the financial year with the five Ministries and Departments involved in the Desilting Project, namely, the Ministry of Agriculture and Waterways (MAW), the Ministry of Lands and Mineral Resources (MLMR), the Ministry of iTaukei and Cultural Affairs (MiTCA), the Department of Environment (DOE) and the Ministry of Rural and Maritime Development (MRMD) about implementation of the Flood Mitigation project.

The Company was informed on October 31, 2024, that its formal proposal to undertake the desilting work at Sigatoka had been approved and its wholly owned Fiji subsidiary Magma Mines Pte was approved to undertake the work on behalf of the Government.

Directors' Report

Desilting is proposed to alleviate annual floods of the Sigatoka River valley due to the large deposits of sand and gravel filling the riverbed. In return for conducting the desilting, the dredged material will be washed and screened to produce construction sand/gravel as well as magnetite concentrate products for sale in Fiji.

On formal approval, the Desilting Project could commence very quickly, while the Sigatoka Feasibility studies are being completed and the application for a Special Mining Lease to mine and process other parts of the Sigatoka resource are being processed.

Unfortunately, in early 2025, a group called the Yaubula Committee intervened with certain Sigatoka area village leaders to make known their emotional objection to desilting and this resistance has delayed implementation of the project. Other community groups have expressed public support for the project including advertisements in the national press.

Since the project is a Government initiative, Dome can only assist them in their discussions with technical data and reports that support the many positive benefits that will accrue to the community when desilting reduces the likelihood of flooding. It will also result in an improvement to water quality by reducing bacterial pollution, an increase in dissolved oxygen concentration and therefore fish stocks and other aquatic life will result. Deepening the river will also permit recreational boating and commercial goods transport.

Director Site Visits and Meetings in Fiji

During May, the Company's Chairman and fellow Director Mr Tadao Tsubata from Japan undertook a visit to Fiji for meetings with a potential customer for magnetite concentrate from the Sigatoka Project and with Ministers and other Government officials about the proposed river Flood Mitigation program and the Company's SPL's. The Dome Directors were cordially received by all parties and received strong support for continued investment in its Fiji projects (see photos below). On behalf of my fellow Director Mr Tsubata and Dome management, I gratefully extend our thanks for the hospitality we received while in Fiji.



Plate 7 - Clockwise from bottom left: Akanisi Kini, Stephanie Fang , Seini Bulanauca (Lands & Resources), Anthony Turagavuli (Waterways), Jone Buliruarua (iTaukei Affairs),Darren Grant (Dome/Magma), Marau Vuli (Director Waterways), Tima Rakance (Waterways), Jack McCarthy (Chairman Dome/Magma)

Directors' Report



Plate 8 – From left – MAW Environmental Officer, Anthony Turagavuli; Senior Engineer, Tima Rakanace; Dome Consultant, Peter Hinner; MAW Director, Marau Vuli; Dome - Country Manager, Darren Grant; Chairman Jack McCarthy; Director Tadao Tsubata; Senior Geologist, Semi Luvuiwai

Sigatoka community engagement

Magma Mines were very pleased to contribute to the success of the annual Coral Coast Sevens Rugby Tournament held in Sigatoka during a steamy January. This event drew international rugby talent including youth teams from Japan and world class players from the HSBC 7's tour to an enthusiastic crowd at Lawaqa Park. The week-end tournament was broadcast to an expanding global audience through digital media.

Rugby has such an integral place in the hearts and minds of Fijians, and this program is a wonderful exhibition of their physical prowess and creative flair (see Plates 9 & 10 below).



Directors' Report



JORC 2012 Mineral Resource estimates on Sigatoka SPL1495

The total mineral resources at Sigatoka are estimated at 189.5 million tonnes (MT) at 12.7% heavy minerals (HM), with a cut-off of 8% HM. This is made up of the following:

Kulukulu South:

A combined Indicated and Inferred Resource of 34.6 MT at an average grade of 20.2% Heavy Minerals and 12.9% Clay containing 7 MT of Heavy Minerals, which includes:

- An **Indicated Resource of 34 MT** at an average grade of 19.7% Heavy Minerals and 13.1% Clay containing 6.7 MT of Heavy Minerals of which 25% is MAG1 (300 Gauss) Heavy Minerals.
- An **Inferred Resource of 0.61 MT** at an average grade of 48.3% Heavy Minerals and 4.2% Clay containing 295kt of Heavy Minerals of which 25% is MAG1 (300 Gauss) Heavy Minerals.

Koroua Island:

An **Indicated Resource of 52.5 MT**, at an average grade of 13.2% Heavy Minerals and 13% Clay, containing 6.9 MT of Heavy Minerals of which 23% is MAG1 (300 Gauss) Heavy Minerals.

Sigatoka River:

A combined Indicated and Inferred Resource of 29.4 MT at an average grade of 11.4% Heavy Minerals and 6.7% Clay containing 3.3 MT of Heavy Minerals, which includes:

- An **Indicated Resource of 23.9 MT** at an average grade of 11.5% Heavy Minerals and 6.6% Clay containing 2.8 MT of Heavy Minerals of which 15% is MAG1 (300 Gauss) Heavy Minerals.
- An **Inferred Resource of 5.3 MT** at an average grade of 10.8% Heavy Minerals and 7.0% Clay containing 570,000 T of Heavy Minerals of which 14% is MAG1 (300 Gauss) Heavy Minerals.

Directors' Report

Kulukulu North:

The unclassified resource for the Kulukulu North area is now:

- A total of 73.2 MT at an average grade of 17.4% Heavy Minerals and 6.0% Clay containing 12.7 MT of Heavy Minerals of which 14.8% is MAG1 (300 Gauss) Heavy Minerals.

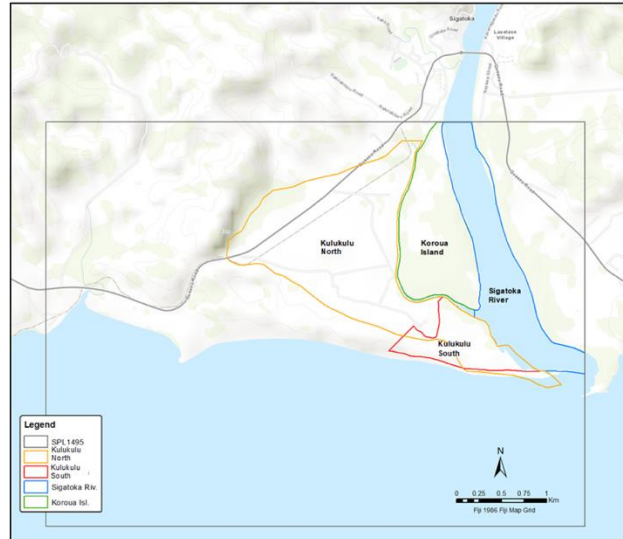


Figure 2 - Resource domains of the Sigatoka sand deposit

Table 1: Comparative Sigatoka Project Resource Inventory, November 2020

RESOURCE	SUB-CATEGORY	PREVIOUS		CURRENT			DIFFERENCE		
		Inferred	Indicated	Unclassified	Inferred	Indicated	Unclassified	Inferred	Indicated
Kulukulu (2014)	Tonnes (Mt)	100.1		<i>Subdivided into Kulukulu North & South (2020)</i>					
	Average HM%	17%							
	HM tonnes (kt)	17,239							
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)	2,637							
Kulukulu North	Tonnes (Mt)			73.2			73.2	-	
	Average HM%			17%					
	HM tonnes (kt)			12,708			12,708	-	
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)			1,885			1,885	-	
Kulukulu South	Tonnes (Mt)				0.6	34.0		0.6	34.0
	Average HM%				48%	20%			
	HM tonnes (kt)				295	6,710		295	6,710
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)				74	1,707		74	1,707
Sigatoka River	Tonnes (Mt)	5.9	25.3		5.3	23.9	-	0.6	- 1.4
	Average HM%	11%	12%		11%	12%			
	HM tonnes (kt)	631	2,923		570	2,755	-	61	- 168
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)	91	443		81	416	-	10	- 27
Koroua Island	Tonnes (Mt)		52.7			52.5			- 0.2
	Average HM%		13%			13%			
	HM tonnes (kt)		6,981			6,935			- 46
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)		1,607			1,595			- 12
TOTALS	Tonnes (Mt)	106.0	78.0	73.2	5.9	110.4	73.2	0.0	32.4
	Average HM%	17%	13%	17%	15%	15%			
	HM tonnes (kt)	17,870	9,904	12,708	865	16,400	12,708	234	6,496
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)	2,728	2,050	1,885	155	3,718	1,885	64	1,668

Directors' Report

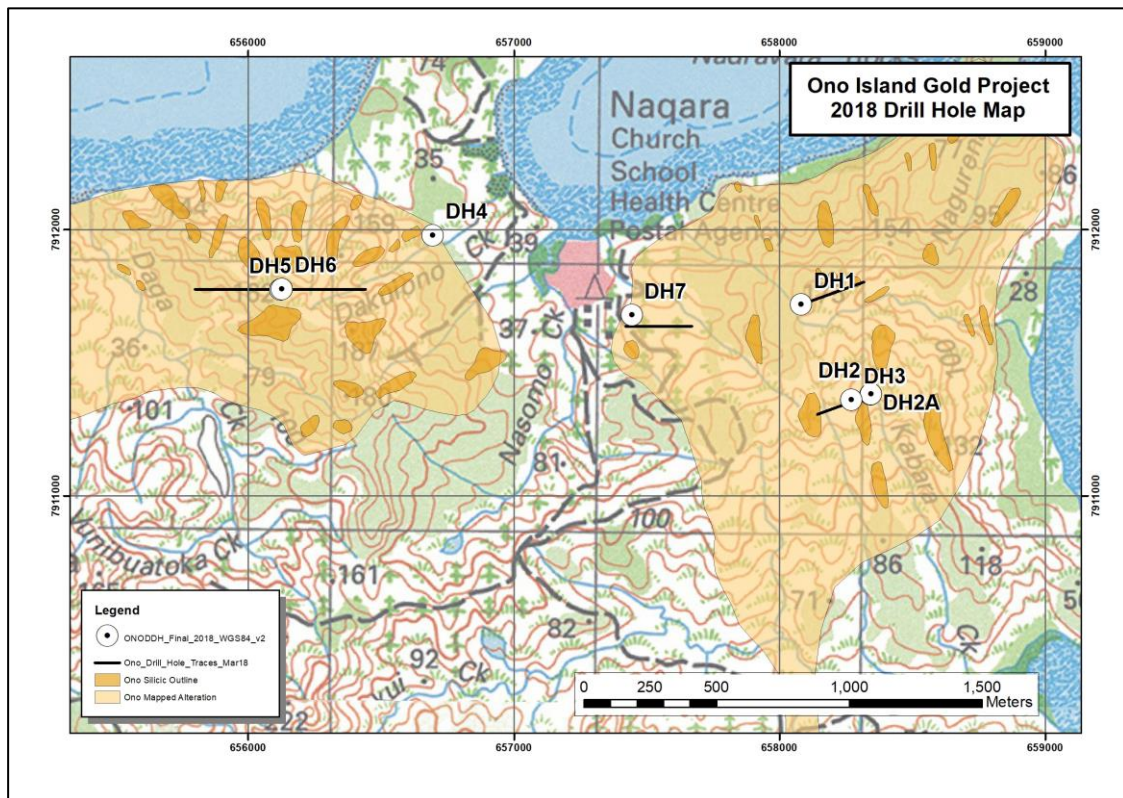


Figure 5 – Exploration drill hole location map of the Naqara East and Naqara West prospects

The photo below in Plate 11 shows typical sulphide-bearing rock in drill core from ONODDH007 (from 225.7m depth). The presence of sulphide in the lower part of holes ONODDH001 and 7 explains the IP chargeability responses. This provides Dome with a high degree of confidence that the IP geophysical technique has worked well and is able to detect zones of sulphide mineralisation at depth.

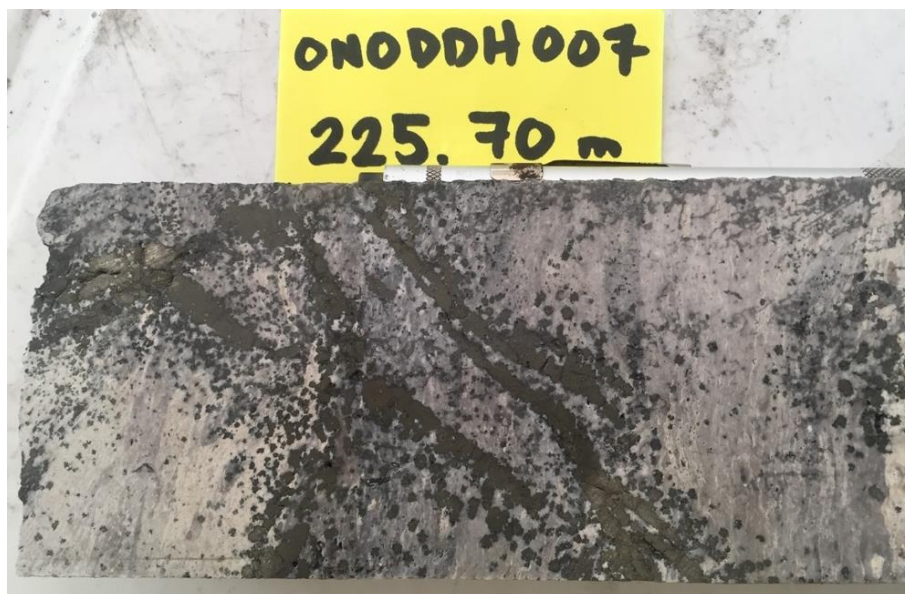


Plate 11 – Altered and mineralized volcanic host rock with up to 7% metallic sulphide in drill hole ONODDH007, HQ core from 225.7 m depth – Ono Island Project, Fiji

Directors' Report

Assays for all holes ONODDH001 to ONODDH007 were carried out by ALS Laboratories. Drill hole ONODDH001 (Naqara East), returned anomalous copper assays (to 0.3% Cu) and anomalous molybdenum assays (to 0.2% Mo). The best Mo intercept is 5.05 m @ 0.0643% (643 ppm Mo), from 323 to 328.05 m. This intercept comprises 5 contiguous one metre samples ranging from 110 ppm to 2040 ppm Mo.

The gold-silver assay results are slightly anomalous within areas of strong alteration and sulphide mineralisation, but are well below economic levels, with maximum assay values of 0.036 g/t Au and 3.6 g/t Ag. The elevated Cu and Mo and weakly anomalous Au and Ag indicates a metal-bearing epithermal system is present at Naqara, and that further exploration drilling could define gold mineralisation nearby.

In summary, a large sulphide-bearing system weakly anomalous in several metals has been defined on Ono Island. This system has many similarities to other Pacific Rim gold-copper deposits. The strong epithermal alteration, sulphide mineralisation, elevated Cu-Mo and weakly anomalous Au-Ag in drill core samples is encouraging.

To date exploration has been conducted only on the northern half of the volcanic system. In the next stage the southern half of the island will be assessed using soil geochemistry, geological mapping, geophysical surveys and rock chip sampling.

As at 30 June 2025, SPL 1451 was impaired primarily due to insufficient expenditure being allocated to project work within the reporting period. This decision reflects the Company's current prioritisation of advancing the SPL1495 Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS), which remains our primary near-term focus and capital commitment.

SPL 1452 Nadrau Project

SPL 1452 had expired on 25 August 2022 and after an extended period the renewal of the SPL was approved on 13 August 2024 for a further 3-year period from 3 July 2024 to 2 July 2027.

The tenement area of 32,930 ha is located on Fiji's main island, Viti Levu and adjacent to the world class Namosi Porphyry copper-gold Project that reportedly contains approximately 2.1 billion tonnes grading 0.37% Copper (Cu) and 0.12g/t Gold (Au).

Dome's tenement contains two large copper-gold-silver ionic leach geochemical anomalies (Namoli and Wainivau prospects) interpreted to be related to intrusive centres. Geological mapping and rock chip sampling discovered porphyry intrusive complexes at both the Namoli and Wainivau Prospects with alteration, mineralisation and vein types typical of mineralised systems.

Copper-magnetite bearing veins have been discovered in outcrop at the Wainivau prospect. Figures 6 below combines both historical and Dome results from rock chip sample analyses and it highlights the anomalous gold-copper-silver in the area around the Namoli and Wainivau Prospects that also extends to the SW of Wainivau towards Namoli. This structural trend is broadly coincided with a mapped NW-trending zone of iron-oxide breccia observed in the field.

During March 2025, a planned field inspection of a recently discovered 6-7 km long linear zone with coincident anomalous gold geochemistry had to be abandoned due to heavy seasonal rain. This new prospect is along a NW trending structure located crossing south of the Namoli-Wainivau porphyry copper-gold prospects.

Directors' Report

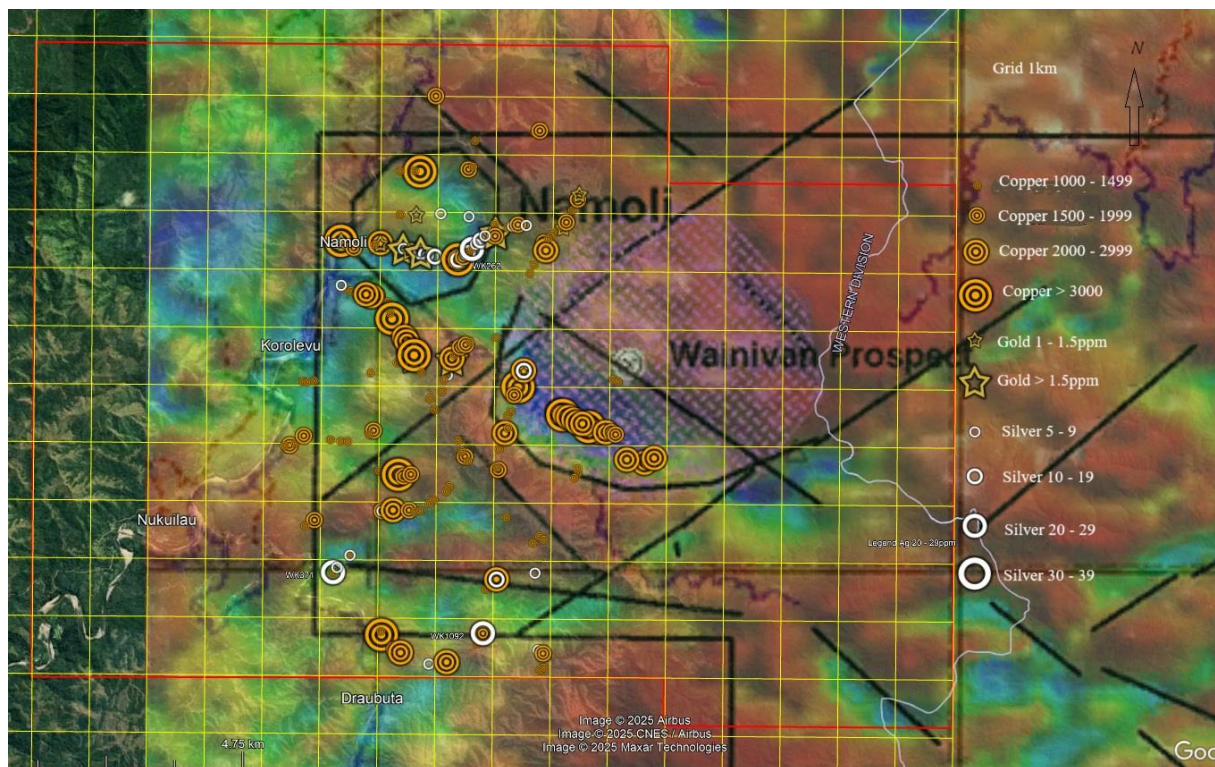


Figure 6 - Historical and recent rock chip location and assay data for copper, gold and silver on the Namoli and Wainivanu Prospects that warrant more detailed assessment.

Given the rapid rise in the value of gold in recent months this target is a welcome discovery by the Company's exploration team in Fiji and will receive priority in the lower rainfall months to come. A further announcement concerning this new target will be made when all compilation of all historical and current data is completed.

As at 30 June 2025, SPL 1452 continued to be impaired primarily due to insufficient expenditure being allocated to project work within the reporting period. The Company continues to recognise SPL 1452 as a valuable asset within our portfolio and intends to revisit investment in the project as resources permit and when it is strategically appropriate.

Impact of Climate Change

There is no apparent immediate impact of climate change that negatively impacts upon the Company's Fiji projects. Going forward, Dome will seek to employ low to zero emission energy sources for its exploration, mining and mineral processing activities that will meet or exceed requirements of the Fiji Government.

Directors' Report

Mineral Resources Statement

This resource estimate was prepared by independent resource consultants and issued in a report entitled "Sigatoka Iron Sand Project, Resource Estimate Report" dated October 2020 and as announced to the market in ASX releases dated 5 November 2020.

Table 1: Comparative Sigatoka Project JORC 2012 Resource Inventory, November 2020

RESOURCE	SUB-CATEGORY	PREVIOUS		CURRENT			DIFFERENCE		
		Inferred	Indicated	Unclassified	Inferred	Indicated	Unclassified	Inferred	Indicated
Kulukulu (2014)	Tonnes (Mt)	100.1		<i>Subdivided into Kulukulu North & South (2020)</i>					
	Average HM%	17%							
	HM tonnes (kt)	17,239							
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Kulukulu North	Tonnes (Mt)			73.2			73.2	-	
	Average HM%			17%					
	HM tonnes (kt)			12,708			12,708	-	
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)			1,885			1,885	-	
Kulukulu South	Tonnes (Mt)				0.6	34.0		0.6	34.0
	Average HM%				48%	20%			
	HM tonnes (kt)				295	6,710		295	6,710
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)				74	1,707		74	1,707
Sigatoka River	Tonnes (Mt)	5.9	25.3		5.3	23.9	-	0.6	- 1.4
	Average HM%	11%	12%		11%	12%			
	HM tonnes (kt)	631	2,923		570	2,755	-	61	- 168
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)	91	443		81	416	-	10	- 27
Koroua Island	Tonnes (Mt)		52.7			52.5			- 0.2
	Average HM%		13%			13%			
	HM tonnes (kt)		6,981			6,935			- 46
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)		1,607			1,595			- 12
TOTALS	Tonnes (Mt)	106.0	78.0	73.2	5.9	110.4	73.2	0.0	32.4
	Average HM%	17%	13%	17%	15%	15%			
	HM tonnes (kt)	17,870	9,904	12,708	865	16,400	12,708	234	6,496
	MAG1 Tonnes (kt)	2,728	2,050	1,885	155	3,718	1,885	64	1,668

Resource comparison 2024 to 2025

The company's most recent resource estimate was reported on 5 November 2020 and no update to this resource estimate has been made, and hence no material change has occurred since its original publication.

Governance Arrangements

Dome's management and Board of Directors include individuals with many years' work experience in the mineral exploration and mining industry who monitor all exploration programs and oversee the preparation of reports on behalf of the Company by independent consultants. The exploration data is produced by or under the direct supervision of qualified geoscientists. In the case of drill hole data half core samples are preserved for future studies and quality assurance and quality control. The Company uses only accredited laboratories for analysis of samples and records the information in electronic databases that are automatically backed up for storage and retrieval purposes.

Directors' Report

Statement of Compliance

The information in this Annual Report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by John V McCarthy. Mr McCarthy is the non-executive Chairman of the Company and a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activities which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr McCarthy, through his family Superfund, holds shares in the Company and is paid fixed directors fees for his services. He consents to the inclusion in this Annual Report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resources is based on information compiled by Mr Richard Stockwell, a Competent Person who is a fellow of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Stockwell is a Director of Placer Consulting Pty Ltd. Mr Stockwell has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration at the Sigatoka project and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as Competent Persons as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Stockwell consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

No Material Changes

Dome Gold Mines Ltd confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that would materially affect the information included in the quarterly activities report dated 30 July 2025 and that all material assumptions and technical parameters in the market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

In the opinion of the Directors, significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the year ended 30 June 2025 were as follows:

Issue of share capital

For the year ended 30 June 2025, Dome has raised \$5,517,222 by share issues. The funds were used for exploration and general working capital. Details of share issues are as follows:

- On 12 July 2024, the Company completed an option conversion of 919,663 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.10 per share as a result of options being exercised and raised \$91,966.
- On 30 July 2024, the Company issued 1,750,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share and raised \$350,000.
- On 6 August 2024, the Company completed an option conversion of 1,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.10 per share as a result of options being exercised and raised \$100,000.
- On 2 September 2024, the Company issued 1,500,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share and raised \$300,000.
- On 4 September 2024, the Company completed an option conversion of 989,911 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.10 per share as a result of options being exercised and raised \$98,991.
- On 1 October 2024, the Company issued 530,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share and raised \$106,000.
- On 11 October 2024, the Company issued 2,500,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share and raised \$500,000.
- On 18 November 2024, the Company completed an option conversion of 1,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.10 per share as a result of options being exercised and raised \$100,000.
- On 25 November 2024, the Company completed an option conversion of 10,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.10 per share as a result of options being exercised and raised \$1,000,000.
- On 12 December 2024, the Company completed an option conversion of 1,500,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.10 per share as a result of options being exercised and raised \$150,000.
- On 23 December 2024, the Company completed an option conversion of 1,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.10 per share as a result of options being exercised and raised \$100,000.
- On 24 December 2024, the Company completed an option conversion of 6,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.10 per share as a result of options being exercised and raised \$600,000.
- On 2 May 2025, the Company completed an option conversion of 20,202,652 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.10 per share as a result of options being exercised and raised \$2,020,265.

Directors' Report

Issue of unlisted options

- On 30 July 2024, the Company issued 1,750,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.20 each and expiring on 30 July 2027.
- On 2 September 2024, the Company issued 1,500,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.20 each and expiring on 2 September 2027.
- On 1 October 2024, the Company issued 530,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.20 each and expiring on 1 October 2027.
- On 11 October 2024, the Company issued 3,750,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.20 each and expiring on 11 October 2027.

Expiration of unlisted options

- On 15 July 2024, 2,080,337 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 18 August 2024, 706,900 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 13 September 2024, 1,000,000 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 24 November 2024, 7,686,282 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 26 November 2024, 1,000,000 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 6 December 2024, 1,000,000 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 31 December 2024, 21,500,000 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 20 April 2025, 11,047,348 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.
- On 29 June 2025, 520,000 unquoted options of the Company expired unexercised.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends were declared or paid during the financial year (2024: \$nil).

EVENTS ARISING SINCE THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to the end of the financial year:

Renewal of SPL1495

An application for a further 3-year renewal of SPL1495 was submitted in August 2025 and is currently being processed by the MRD. Since the Company has met and exceeded all requirements of the previous licence the Company sees no reason why the renewal won't be approved. During the application processing period the Company has continued work on the Feasibility Study (FS) with the approval of MRD. With the MRD community consultations now concluded, MRD advised that the renewal documents and their recommendation to the Minister for renewal of SPL 1495 have been compiled and are awaiting authorisation by the Minister.

Desilting Project discussion

According to MRD, a meeting between the Minister for Land and Mineral Resources and the chiefly head of the Nadroga Navosa Province (Turaga Na Kalevu Tui Nadroga) in early August 2025 was very productive in gleaning a balanced view on the position of the community and barriers to mitigating the risks of flooding and unlocking the value of mineral resources for Land Owning Units (LOU's). Following this meeting, MRD noted that future dialogue with LOU's will be restricted to the Vanua with JYC being excluded from discussions.

Capital Raising

The Company launched a Share Purchase Plan (SPP) on 25th August for further capital raising. The offer opened on 27th August and closed on 12th September. The SPP allows Eligible Shareholders to subscribe for up to A\$30,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.15 which is 6.25% discount on the market prices. The SPP raised \$366,000 in total.

Subsequent to 30 June 2025, the Group has drawn down a further \$120,000 of debt against current related party facilities in place.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

Directors' Report

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS, BUSINESS STRATEGIES AND PROSPECTS

The Group will continue to explore and evaluate the Company's exploration projects with the aim of identifying potential mineral resources and will continue to seek and assess new opportunities in the Fiji mineral sector with the objective of adding significant shareholder value to Dome.

The Directors are unable to comment on the likely results from the Group's planned exploration activities due to the speculative nature of such activities.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of Directors' Meetings (including meetings of Committees of Directors) held during the year, and the number of meetings attended by each Director is as follows:

Director	BOARD MEETINGS	
	Entitled to attend	Attended
John V McCarthy	1	1
Tadao Tsubata	1	1
Sarah E Harvey	1	1

Audit Committee discontinued since the end of January 2021 and the Board took over the responsibilities to oversee the financial reports.

UNISSUED SHARES UNDER OPTION

Unissued ordinary shares of Dome under option as at 30 June 2025 were as follows:

Number of options	Exercise price	Expiry date
580,000	\$ 0.20	21 November 2025
3,750,000	\$ 0.10	18 January 2027
1,750,000	\$ 0.20	30 July 2027
1,500,000	\$ 0.20	2 September 2027
530,000	\$ 0.20	1 October 2027
3,750,000	\$ 0.20	11 October 2027

The names of persons who currently hold options are entered in the register of options kept by the Company pursuant to the *Corporations Act 2011*. This register may be inspected free of charge.

All options expired on the expiry date. The persons entitled to exercise the options did not have, by virtue of the options, the right to participate in the share issue of any other body corporate.

SHARES ISSUED AS A RESULT OF EXERCISE

During or since the end of the financial year, the Company issued ordinary shares as a result of the exercise of options as follows (there were no amounts unpaid on the shares issued):

Date options exercised	Issue price per share (\$)	Number of shares issued
12 July 2024	\$0.10	919,663
6 August 2024	\$0.10	1,000,000
4 September 2024	\$0.10	989,911
18 November 2024	\$0.10	1,000,000
25 November 2024	\$0.10	10,000,000
12 December 2024	\$0.10	1,500,000
23 December 2024	\$0.10	1,000,000
24 December 2024	\$0.10	6,000,000
2 May 2025	\$0.10	20,202,652

Directors' Report

BUSINESS RISK DISCLOSURES

The material risks to which the Group is exposed include:

RISK	DESCRIPTION	MITIGANT
FINANCING RISK	The project may not be able to raise sufficient capital for development.	A great strength of the Sigatoka project is its ability to be developed at almost any scale; it does not depend on a large throughput to generate efficiencies and profits; if raising the proposed capital proves difficult initially, the project can get underway at a smaller scale, more easily financed, and then grow organically once in production. The completed Feasibility Study will be a critical document for procuring development finance. Early identification and pricing of suitable capital equipment will ensure financing options are thoroughly considered.
CAPITAL RISK	The project may require more capital than expected to develop.	The project is not highly capital sensitive and all capital estimates to date have been conservative; if necessary, production can be scaled to match available capital. Fixed Price contracting with most equipment suppliers will cap significant variables.
ECONOMIC RISK	The project may not reach economic benchmarks or meet investment return criteria.	On present indications, Sigatoka will be a very robust project; it will have low capital costs and low operating costs, with substantial operating margins; the project is not very sensitive to lower iron ore prices; industrial sand prices are fairly stable and high enough to generate good margins for this product. Once completed, the Feasibility Study will specify the economic parameters that will drive success at Sigatoka.
MARKETING RISK for MAGNETITE	Dome may not be able to sell its magnetite product.	Dome will produce an iron ore (magnetite) product with iron contents likely to be in the 58-60% Fe range; such material is a widely used commodity and will find ready markets in Japan, China and South Korea. Pricing for the product will be subject to negotiation but will reflect the then benchmark prices for iron ore. Some discounting may be appropriate in the early stages to consolidate market positions. Continual monitoring of the global iron ore market occurs through a number of industry sources.
MARKETING RISK for INDUSTRIAL SAND (DOMESTIC)	Dome may not be able to sell its sand and gravel locally.	Demand for industrial sand and gravel in Fiji is strong; Dome's products will be of better quality than any current suppliers and the scale operations will meet most of the local demand at very competitive prices. Regular meetings with local industry operators from Cement manufacturers, barge operators and large civil contractors maintains some observation of local market conditions.

Directors' Report

RISK	DESCRIPTION	MITIGANT
MARKETING RISK for INDUSTRIAL SAND (EXPORT)	Dome may not be able to sell the industrial sand product into the export market.	Demand for industrial sand in East and Southeast Asia is strong but it may take some time to penetrate those markets and build a customer base. Closer to Fiji, significant infrastructure projects that are being funded through international organisations are underway through the South Pacific. As production will target the domestic market only for the first year or so of operations, there should be adequate time to develop export markets by the time they are needed. Ongoing dialogue with local processing plants and inter-island barge operators provides sufficient awareness of the market and future projects.
ENVIRONMENTAL RISK	The mine may be unable to meet environmental standards.	As part of completing the Feasibility Study Dome will update its existing EIA and Environmental management Plan/s to meet current environmental regulations. The engagement of independent accredited Environmental Consultants and monitoring by the Department of Environment ensure the project meets and exceeds regulatory standards.
DEVELOPMENT RISK	Social, cultural or regulatory barriers may delay or prohibit mine development	Dome has enjoyed strong support from freehold landowning units and no regulatory barriers are expected provided we continue to meet the requirements of the Mining Act. There are no significant cultural sites within the proposed mining area and the local people are keen to fill the jobs the mine will offer.
SOVEREIGN RISK	The Fiji Government may decide against development for political reasons.	The Fiji Government is on record as strongly supporting foreign investment and has never blocked a mine development for political reasons. Dome has an exemplary record of meeting Government requirements.
SAFETY RISK	Exposure to physical and/or mental harm for employees, consultants and stakeholders	Dome is committed to the wellbeing of all associated with the project and maintains a comprehensive risk register reflecting the broad set of risks that arise in heavy industries. Dome undertakes a risk assessment for all significant tasks and regularly reviews the risk assessments following the completion of tasks/activities to ensure that any perceived risks are identified, assessed and mitigated.

The Board is responsible to oversee the risk management function and the CEO or if no CEO a Director of the Company is in charge of implementing an appropriate level of control to mitigate these risks within the Group. The Board reviews all major strategies and decisions and takes appropriate actions on a continuous basis.

Directors' Report

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The Directors of Dome Gold Mines Ltd (the 'Group') present the Remuneration Report for non-executive Directors, executive Directors, and other Key Management Personnel, prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The Remuneration Report is set out under the following main headings:

- a. principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration;
- b. details of remuneration;
- c. share-based remuneration; and
- d. other information.

a. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Key management personnel have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group. Key management personnel comprise the Directors of the Company. No other employees have been deemed to be key management personnel.

The remuneration policy of Directors is to ensure the remuneration package properly reflects the persons' duties and responsibilities, and that remuneration is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people of the highest quality. The Board is responsible for reviewing its own performance. The evaluation process is designed to assess the Group's business performance, whether long term strategic objectives are being achieved, and the achievement of individual performance objectives.

Remuneration includes a base salary and superannuation that is set with reference to the market.

Fees to non-executive Directors reflect the demands which are made on, and the responsibilities of, the Directors. Non-executive remuneration comprises only directors' fees. Directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Board. The Board has also drawn on external sources of information to ensure non-executive Directors' fees and payments are appropriate and in line with the market. The remuneration disclosed below represents the cost to the Group for services provided under these arrangements.

No Directors or senior executives received performance related remuneration.

There were no remuneration consultants used by the Company during the year ended 30 June 2025, or in the prior year.

Vote and comments made at the Company's last Annual General Meeting

The Remuneration Report of Dome Gold Mines Ltd for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 was approved by shareholders on a show of hands at the Company's Annual General Meeting.

Consequences of performance on shareholder wealth

In considering the Group's performance and benefits for shareholder wealth, the Board has regard to the following indices in respect of the current financial year and the previous four (4) financial years:

Item	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
EPS (cents)	(1.19)	(0.61)	(0.85)	(0.60)	(0.75)
Dividends (cents per share)	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss (\$)	(4,624,512)	(2,188,585)	(2,991,215)	(1,989,393)	(2,238,036)
Share price (\$)	0.16	0.16	0.20	0.27	0.15

The Board considers that these indices do not have any impact on the Group's performance.

Directors' Report

b. Details of remuneration

Details of the nature and amount of each major element of the remuneration of key management personnel of the Group are shown in the table below:

Key Management Personnel Remuneration				
		Short term employee benefits	Post-employment benefits	
	Year	Primary fees \$	Superannuation \$	Total \$
John McCarthy (Chairman)	2025	100,800	11,592	112,392
	2024	96,000	10,560	106,560
Tadao Tsubata (Director)	2025	75,600	-	75,600
	2024	72,000	-	72,000
Sarah Harvey (Director)	2025	75,600	8,694	84,294
	2024	72,000	7,920	79,920
2025 Total	2025	252,000	20,286	272,286
2024 Total	2024	240,000	18,480	258,480

No other bonuses or performance related compensation payments were paid during the current year to Directors or executives. The Group employed no other key management personnel.

No shares were granted to key management personnel as compensation during the year ended 30 June 2025.

Directors' Report

c. Share-based remuneration

All options refer to options over ordinary shares of the Company, which are exercisable on a one-for-one basis under the terms of the agreement.

There were no options over ordinary shares of the Company granted, exercised, forfeited or lapsed which are related to Directors' or key management personnel's remuneration during the year ended 30 June 2025. No terms of equity-settled share-based payment transactions have been altered or modified by the issuing entity during the 2025 financial year.

d. Other information

Options held by key management personnel

The number of options to acquire shares in the Company during the 2025 reporting period held by each of the Group's Key Management Personnel of the Group, including their related parties, is set out below.

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025					
	Balance at start of year	Granted as remuneration	Acquired	Expired unexercised	Held at the end of reporting period
John McCarthy	-	-	-	-	-
Tadao Tsubata	4,000,000	-	-	(4,000,000)	-
Sarah Harvey	-	-	-	-	-

Shares held by key management personnel

The number of ordinary shares in the Company during the 2025 reporting period held by each of the Group's Key Management Personnel of the Group, including their related parties, is set out below.

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025					
	Balance at start of year	Granted as remuneration	Received on exercise	Other changes	Held at the end of reporting period
John McCarthy	260,000	-	-	-	260,000
Tadao Tsubata	50,024,275	-	919,663	(3,543,300)	47,400,638
Sarah Harvey	23,342,625	-	-	3,000,000	26,342,625

Note: None of the shares included in the table above are held nominally by key management personnel.

Service Agreements for Directors and key management personnel

Directors are engaged under contracts. Their remuneration is not fixed and fluctuates in line with the financial situation of the Company. The terms of their engagement are unspecified, and there is no period of notice of termination.

Related Party transactions

The Group has a loan facility with a company which is a related party of Mr Tadao Tsubata. There is no outstanding loan payable on the related party facility as at 30 June 2025 (2024: Nil). The total facility of the Company with this related party is \$3,500,000 as at 30 June 2025. The facility is not secured. The agreed interest rate on the unsecured loan is 5%. The facility will expire on 31 December 2026.

The Group has another loan facility with a company which is a related party of Ms Sarah Harvey. There is no outstanding loan payable on the related party facility as at 30 June 2025 (2024: 429,073). The total facility with this related party is \$1,000,000 as at 30 June 2025. The facility is also unsecured. The agreed interest rate on the unsecured loan is 10%. The facility will expire on 31 December 2026.

The Group has a loan facility with Mr Tadao Tsubata. There is no outstanding loan payable on this facility as at 30 June 2025 (2024: \$739). The total facility is \$100,000 as at 30 June 2025. The facility is unsecured. The agreed interest rate on the unsecured loan is 5%. The facility will expire on 31 December 2026.

Directors' Report

Directors' and Officers' Interests and Benefits

As at the date of this report, the direct and indirect interests of the Directors and officers in the securities of the Company are as follows:

	Options	Ordinary Shares
John McCarthy	-	260,000
Tadao Tsubata	-	46,772,038
Sarah Harvey	-	26,475,958

Note that no shares or options have been resolved to be issued by way of short-term and long-term incentives to Directors.

Equity based remuneration following the end of the reporting period and up to the date of this report

There is no proposal to issue shares to Directors as part of their remuneration.

End of audited remuneration report.

Directors' Report

ENVIRONMENTAL LEGISLATION

The Group is subject to state, federal and international environmental legislation. The Group has complied with its environmental obligations and no environmental breaches have been notified by any Government agency to the date of this Directors' Report and the Directors do not anticipate any obstacles in complying with the legislation.

INDEMNITIES AND INSURANCE OF OFFICERS AND AUDITORS

During the year, Dome paid a premium to insure officers of the Group. The officers of the Group covered by the insurance policy include all Directors.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Group, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings, other than where such liabilities arise out of conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else to cause detriment to the Group.

Details of the amount of the premium paid in respect of insurance policies are not disclosed as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

The Group has not otherwise, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify any current or former officer or auditor of the Group against a liability incurred as such by an officer or auditor.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

During the year, KPMG, the Company's auditor, performed tax consulting and other compliance services in addition to their statutory audit duties.

It is important to note that all non-audit services performed by KPMG were approved by our Board of Directors. The Board confirm that the auditor is satisfied that the provision of those non-audit services is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services were subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Company to ensure they do not impact upon the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the non-audit services do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as an advocate for the Company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Details of the amounts paid to the auditor of the Company, KPMG, and its related practices for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in Note 19 to the Financial Statements.

PROCEEDINGS OF BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

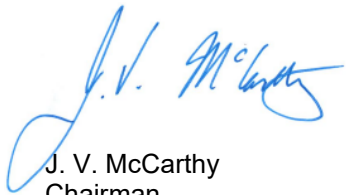
No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

Directors' Report

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under s307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is included on page 30 of this financial report and forms part of this Directors' Report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.



J. V. McCarthy
Chairman
Sydney, 30 September 2025



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors of Dome Gold Mines Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of Dome Gold Mines Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

Adam Twemlow

Partner

Brisbane

30 September 2025

Corporate Governance Statement

The Board is committed to maintaining the highest standards of Corporate Governance. Corporate Governance is about having a set of core values and behaviours that underpin the Company's activities and ensure transparency, fair dealing and protection of the interests of stakeholders. The Company has reviewed its corporate governance practices against the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th edition) published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council.

The 2025 corporate governance statement is dated 30 September 2025 and reflects the corporate governance practices throughout the 2025 financial year. The board approved the 2025 corporate governance on 30 September 2025. A description of the Company's current corporate governance practices is set out in the Company's corporate governance statement, which can be viewed at <https://domegoldmines.com.au/corporate-governance/>.

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	\$	\$
	s		
Other income	4	<u>4,220</u>	<u>1,131</u>
Employee benefits expenses (including directors fees)		(600,115)	(535,838)
Other expenses	5	(1,708,862)	(1,563,380)
Depreciation		(4,303)	(4,388)
Finance costs	6	(65,167)	(71,278)
Loss on foreign exchange		(362)	(16)
Impairment loss	14	<u>(2,240,857)</u>	<u>(3,007)</u>
Loss before income tax expense		(4,615,446)	(2,176,776)
Income tax expense	7	<u>(9,066)</u>	<u>(11,809)</u>
Loss for the year		(4,624,512)	(2,188,585)
Other comprehensive income for the year			
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>			
Exchange difference on translating foreign controlled entities		<u>154,730</u>	<u>(63,236)</u>
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(4,469,782)	(2,251,821)
Earnings per share			
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share)	8	<u>(1.19)</u>	<u>(0.61)</u>

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Notes	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	569,500	996
Trade and other receivables	10	78,785	88,720
Other assets	11	108,058	56,283
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		756,343	145,999
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	12	25,936	40,091
Right-of-use assets	13	5,683	48,152
Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure	14	34,677,348	36,052,487
Other assets	11	248,583	244,459
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		34,957,550	36,385,189
TOTAL ASSETS		35,713,893	36,531,188
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liabilities	13	6,467	44,938
Trade and other payables	15	272,763	667,396
Provisions		43,018	22,671
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		322,248	735,005
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liabilities	13	-	6,360
Borrowings	16	428,775	869,394
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		428,775	875,754
TOTAL LIABILITIES		751,023	1,610,759
NET ASSETS		34,962,870	34,920,429
EQUITY			
Issued capital	17	55,002,618	50,659,480
Foreign currency translation reserve		552,217	397,487
Share-based payment reserve		352,202	6,270,900
Accumulated losses		(20,944,167)	(22,407,438)
TOTAL EQUITY		34,962,870	34,920,429

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2025

	Issued capital \$	Foreign currency translation reserve \$	Share- based payment reserve \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2023	49,149,196	460,723	7,469,137	(21,543,083)	35,535,973
Transaction with owners					
Ordinary shares issued	1,702,495	-	-	-	1,702,495
Transaction costs on issue of shares	(66,218)	-	-	-	(66,218)
Share-based payments – equity transaction costs (note 28)	(125,993)	-	125,993	-	-
Transfer between expiry of share options	-	-	(1,324,230)	1,324,230	-
Total transactions with owners	1,510,284	-	(1,198,237)	1,324,230	1,636,277
Other comprehensive income	-	(63,236)	-	-	(63,236)
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(2,188,585)	(2,188,585)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(63,236)	-	(2,188,585)	(2,251,821)
Balance at 30 June 2024	50,659,480	397,487	6,270,900	(22,407,438)	34,920,429
Balance at 1 July 2024	50,659,480	397,487	6,270,900	(22,407,438)	34,920,429
Transaction with owners					
Ordinary shares issued	5,517,222	-	-	-	5,517,222
Transaction costs on issue of shares	(1,004,999)	-	-	-	(1,004,999)
Share-based payments – equity transaction costs (note 28)	(169,085)	-	169,085	-	-
Transfer between expiry of share options	-	-	(6,087,783)	6,087,783	-
Total transactions with owners	4,343,138	-	(5,918,698)	6,087,783	4,512,223
Other comprehensive income	-	154,730	-	-	154,730
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(4,624,512)	(4,624,512)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	154,730	-	(4,624,512)	(4,469,782)
Balance at 30 June 2025	55,002,618	552,217	352,202	(20,944,167)	34,962,870

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2025

	Notes	2025 \$	2024 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received		4,220	1,234
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(2,643,955)	(1,764,453)
Interest paid		(132,347)	(8)
Income tax paid		(12,671)	-
Other tax paid		<u>(17,278)</u>	<u>(27,527)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	18	<u>(2,802,031)</u>	<u>(1,790,754)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant & equipment		(10,545)	(1,290)
Exploration cost payments capitalised		<u>(701,870)</u>	<u>(418,156)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(712,415)</u>	<u>(419,446)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of share capital		5,517,222	1,499,055
Proceeds from borrowings		623,961	977,453
Repayment of lease liabilities		(45,696)	(38,318)
Repayment of borrowings		(1,000,468)	(266,088)
Cash paid on share issue costs		<u>(1,012,611)</u>	<u>(61,383)</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities		<u>4,082,408</u>	<u>2,110,719</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		567,962	(99,481)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		996	100,465
Exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents		<u>542</u>	<u>12</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	9	<u>569,500</u>	<u>996</u>

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Dome Gold Mines Ltd

and its controlled entities

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Financial Report includes the consolidated financial statements and notes of Dome Gold Mines Ltd and controlled entities ('Group').

1 GENERAL INFORMATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The consolidated general purpose financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards results in full compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The Group is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2025 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 September 2025.

Dome Gold Mines Limited is the Group's ultimate parent company. Dome Gold Mines Ltd is a public company limited by shares incorporated and domiciled in Australia on 8 July 2011. The registered office is Level 46, 680 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000.

Dome Gold Mines Ltd is the parent company with 100% ownership of:

- Magma Mines Pty Ltd;
- Dome Mines Pte Ltd (a company limited by shares incorporated in Fiji); and
- Magma Mines Pte Ltd (a company limited by shares incorporated in Fiji).

The principal activities of the Group during the financial year have been the continuing exploration and evaluation of the following projects in Fiji:

- SPL1451 Ono Island;
- SPL1452 Nadrau; and
- SPL1495 Sigatoka Ironsands.

2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 New and revised standards that are effective and adopted by the Group

The Group has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period. Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

The Group has reviewed the amendments and concluded that none of the changes are likely to have a material impact on the Group.

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Overall considerations

The material accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are summarised below.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the measurement bases specified by Australian Accounting Standards for each type of asset, liability, income and expense. The measurement bases are more fully described in the accounting policies below.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.2 Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate those of the parent company and all of its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 30 June 2025. The parent controls a subsidiary if it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its investment with the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary.

All transactions and balances between Group companies are eliminated on consolidation, including unrealised gains and losses on transactions between Group companies. Where unrealised losses on intra-group asset sales are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from a group perspective. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

Profit or loss and other comprehensive income of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are recognised from the effective date of acquisition, or up to the effective date of disposal, as applicable.

3.3 Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

3.4 Foreign currency transactions and balances

Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars (AUD), which is also the functional currency of the parent company.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the respective Group entity, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions (spot exchange rate). Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-measurement of monetary items at period end exchange rates are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items are not retranslated at period-end and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the date of the transactions), except for non-monetary items measured at fair value which are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined.

Foreign operations

In the Group's financial statements, all assets, liabilities and transactions of Group entities with a functional currency other than the AUD are translated into AUD upon consolidation. The functional currency of the entities in the Group has remained unchanged during the reporting period.

On consolidation, assets and liabilities have been translated into AUD at the closing rate at the reporting date. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity have been treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated into AUD at the closing rate. Income and expenses have been translated into AUD at the average rate over the reporting period. Exchange differences are charged/credited to other comprehensive income and recognised in the currency translation reserve in equity. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative translation differences recognised in equity are reclassified to profit or loss and recognised as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.5 Segment Reporting

Determination and presentation of operating segments

The Group determines and presents operating segments based on the information that is provided internally to the management.

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segments' operating results are regularly reviewed by the Group's management to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the management include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets (primarily the Company's headquarter), head office expenses, and income tax assets and liabilities.

Segment capital expenditure is the total costs incurred during the period to acquire property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets other than goodwill.

3.6 Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation costs, including the costs of acquiring licences, are capitalised as exploration and evaluation assets on an area of interest basis.

Exploration and evaluation assets are only recognised if the rights of the area of interest are current and either:

- the expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest; or
- activities in the area of interest have not at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability and facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. For the purposes of impairment testing, exploration and evaluation assets are allocated to cash generating units to which the exploration activity relates. The cash generating unit shall not be larger than the area of interest.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified from exploration and evaluation expenditure to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.7 Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment and computer equipment

Plant and equipment (comprising fittings and furniture) and computer equipment are initially recognised at acquisition cost or manufacturing cost, including any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Group's management.

Plant and equipment and computer equipment are measured on the cost basis less subsequent depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is recognised on a straight-line basis to write down the cost over the assets' estimated useful lives to the Group commencing from the time the asset is ready for use.

The depreciation rates and useful lives used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of fixed asset	Useful Lives	Depreciation basis
Exploration computer equipment	2.5-4.2 years	Prime cost
Exploration furniture and fittings	3-8.3 years	Prime cost
Exploration plant and equipment	4-8.3 years	Prime cost
Office equipment	2-20 years	Prime cost

Gains or losses arising on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognised in profit or loss within other income or other expenses.

3.8 Income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction, adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to be applied when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted, except for:

- When the deferred income tax asset or liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting nor taxable profits; or
- When the taxable temporary difference is associated with interests in subsidiaries and the timing of the reversal can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.8 Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities; and they relate to the same taxable authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend to settle simultaneously.

3.9 Revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group currently does not have any revenue. The SPL licenses of the Group only permit the Group to carry out exploration activities. Once the Group reaches the production phase, revenue will be recognised using the 5-step process:

- 1 Identifying the contract with a customer
- 2 Identifying the performance obligations
- 3 Determining the transaction price
- 4 Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5 Recognising revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied.

The total transaction price for a contract is allocated amongst the various performance obligations based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. The transaction price for a contract excludes any amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

3.10 Government grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised against the asset released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the related asset as a reduced depreciation charge.

3.11 Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised exclusive of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian or Fiji Taxation Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

3.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.13 Financial instruments

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and initial measurement of financial assets

Except for those trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price in accordance with AASB 15, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable).

Financial assets, other than those designated and effective as hedging instruments, are classified into the following categories:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

In the periods presented the corporation does not have any financial assets categorised as FVOCI. The classification is determined by both:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial asset
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within finance costs, finance income or other financial items, except for impairment of trade receivables which is presented within other expenses.

Subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVTPL):

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets and collect its contractual cash flows
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Group's cash and cash equivalents, trade and most other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets that are held within a different business model other than 'hold to collect' or 'hold to collect and sell' are categorised at fair value through profit and loss. Further, irrespective of business model financial assets whose contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest are accounted for at FVTPL. All derivative financial instruments fall into this category.

Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.13 Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

AASB 9's impairment requirements use more forward-looking information to recognise expected credit losses – the 'expected credit loss (ECL) model'. This replaced AASB 139's 'incurred loss model'. Instruments within the scope of the new requirements included loans and other debt-type financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVOCI, trade receivables, contract assets recognised and measured under AASB 15 and loan commitments and some financial guarantee contracts (for the issuer) that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Recognition of credit losses is no longer dependent on the Group first identifying a credit loss event. Instead, the Group considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

In applying this forward-looking approach, a distinction is made between:

- financial instruments that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition or that have low credit risk ('Stage 1') and
- financial instruments that have deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition and whose credit risk is not low ('Stage 2').

'Stage 3' would cover financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

'12-month expected credit losses' are recognised for the first category while 'lifetime expected credit losses' are recognised for the second category.

Measurement of the expected credit losses is determined by a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Group designated a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss (other than derivative financial instruments that are designated and effective as hedging instruments).

All interest-related charges and, if applicable, changes in an instrument's fair value that are reported in profit or loss are included within finance costs or finance income.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.14 Significant accounting judgments and key estimates

The preparation of financial reports requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factor, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes would differ from these estimates if different assumptions were used and different conditions existed.

In particular, the Group has identified the following areas where significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are required, and where actual results were to differ, may materially affect the financial position or financial results reported in future periods.

(i) Income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in the jurisdictions in which it operates. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on the Group's current understanding of the tax law. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the carrying amounts, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(ii) Exploration and evaluation expenditure (Note 14)

Exploration and evaluation expenditure (\$34,677,348 on 30 June 2025) (2024: \$36,052,487) has been capitalised on the basis that:

- Expenditure relates to:
 - acquisition of rights to explore; or
 - topographical or geological costs; or
 - drilling and/or trenching; or
 - sampling and assaying; or
 - feasibility studies; or
 - Indirect costs associated with above mentioned costs
- The expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest; or
- Activities in the area of interest have not at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or other wise of economically recoverable reserves and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.
- The renewal of exploration licences is expected to be a routine process up until such a point as the entity is able to apply for a mining licence.
- During the year the group reviewed the carrying value of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure and resolved to impair SPL 1451 (refer to note 14).

(iii) Going concern (Note 3.15)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.15 Going concern

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

During the year ended 30 June 2025, the Group incurred a trading loss of \$4,624,512 (2024: \$2,188,585) and used \$3,514,446 (2024: \$2,210,200) of net cash in operations and investing activities. At 30 June 2025, the Group had a cash balance of \$569,500 (2024: \$996), and current assets exceeded current liabilities by \$434,095 (2024: current liabilities exceeded current assets by \$589,006).

Subsequent to year end, the Company has raised \$366,000 from the issue of ordinary shares. As set out in note 16, there existed debt facilities of \$5,171,225 which were unused as at 30 June 2025 and are provided by privately owned entities. The facilities expire on 31 December 2026. Subsequent to 30 June 2025, the Group has drawn down a further \$120,000 of debt against these facilities.

The Directors have prepared cash flow projections for the period through to 30 September 2026 that support the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. These cash flow projections assume the Group continues substantial exploration activities in the areas of interest, and raises additional debt or equity funding from shareholders or other parties that is yet to be secured at the date of this report.

The ongoing operation of the Group is dependent upon:

- the Group raising additional funding from shareholders or other parties; and
- the Group reducing expenditure in line with available funding.

These conditions give rise to a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

In the event that the Group does not obtain additional funding, the achievement of which is inherently uncertain, and the Group does not reduce expenditure in line with available funding, it may not be able to continue its operations as a going concern and therefore may not be able to realise its assets, including the capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure of \$34,677,348 at 30 June 2025, and extinguish its liabilities in the ordinary course of operations and at the amounts stated in the consolidated financial report.

3.16 Impairment testing of non-financial assets

For impairment assessment purposes, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. All other individual assets or cash-generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the assets' or cash-generating unit's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use. To determine the value-in-use, management estimates expected future cash flows from each cash-generating unit and determines a suitable interest rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The data used for impairment testing procedures is directly linked to the Group's latest approved budget, adjusted as necessary to exclude the effects of future reorganisations and asset enhancements. Discount factors are determined individually for each cash-generating unit and reflect management's assessment of respective risk profiles, such as market and asset-specific risks factors.

With the exception of goodwill, all assets are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognised may no longer exist. An impairment charge is reversed if the cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.17 Equity and reserves

Share capital represents the fair value of shares that have been issued. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share capital, net of any related income tax benefits.

Other components of equity include the following:

- Foreign currency translation reserve – comprises foreign currency translation differences arising on the translation of financial statements of the Group's foreign entities into AUD; and
- Share-based payment reserve – comprises fair value of options granted to the Company's Directors and contractor, the issue of options in lieu of services provided as part of equity transactions, and the issue of options to extinguish debt; and
- Retained earnings include all current and prior period retained losses.

3.18 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are benefits, other than termination benefits, that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve (12) months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. Examples of such benefits include wages and salaries, non-monetary benefits and accumulating sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The Group's liabilities for annual leave are included in other long-term benefits as they are not expected to be settled wholly within twelve (12) months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. The expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service, and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the timing of the estimated future cash outflows. Any re-measurements arising from experience adjustments and changes in assumptions are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Group presents employee benefit obligations as current liabilities in the statement of financial position if the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve (12) months after the reporting period, irrespective of when the actual settlement is expected to take place.

3.19 Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the Group expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The Group has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.20 Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of-use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

3.21 Share-based payments

The Group operates equity-settled share-based payments for its directors, contractors and brokers in exchange for the rendering of services. None of the Group's plans feature any options for a cash settlement.

All compensation or goods and services received in exchange for the grant of any share-based payment are measured at their fair values. Where the Company's Directors, contractors and brokers are rewarded using share-based payments, the fair values are determined indirectly by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted. This fair value is appraised at the grant date and excludes the impact of non-market vesting conditions (for example profitability and sales growth targets and performance conditions).

The cost of equity-settled share-based payments provided for directors' remuneration and other services are ultimately recognised as an expense in profit or loss with a corresponding credit to share-based payment reserve. If vesting periods or other vesting conditions apply, the expense is allocated over the vesting period, based on the best available estimate of the number of share options expected to vest.

The cost of equity-settled share-based payments provided for brokers rendering fund raising services is recognised as issue costs under equity with a corresponding credit to share-based payment reserve. If vesting periods or other vesting conditions apply, the expense is allocated over the vesting period, based on the best available estimate of the number of share options expected to vest.

Upon exercise of share options, the proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are allocated to share capital.

4 OTHER INCOME

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Interest income	4,220	1,131
Total other income	4,220	1,131

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

5 OTHER EXPENSES	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Consultant expenses	1,065,432	1,118,572
Office expenses	292,561	246,313
Other expenses	168,279	98,555
Loss on disposal of PPE	430	-
Desilting expenses	23,632	-
SPL 1452 expenses	54,590	-
Short-term lease expenses	103,938	99,940
Total other expenses	<u>1,708,862</u>	<u>1,563,380</u>

6 FINANCE COSTS

Interest expenses for borrowings at amortised cost		
- Related party	25,342	31,556
- Third party	39,814	39,146
- Other	11	576
Total finance costs	<u>65,167</u>	<u>71,278</u>

7 INCOME TAX

(a) Income tax expense

Current tax	9,066	11,809
Deferred tax	-	-
	<u>9,066</u>	<u>11,809</u>

(b) Reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable:

Loss before tax	(4,615,446)	(2,176,776)
Prima facie income tax benefit at the Australian tax rate of 25% (2024: 25%)	(1,153,862)	(544,194)
Increase/(decrease) in income tax expense due to:		
Assessable income/ non-deductible expenses	1,226,178	537,769
Allowable deductions*	(353,458)	(223,213)
Tax loss not recognised	287,660	235,495
Income tax expense adjustment for prior year	2,548	5,952
Income tax expense	<u>9,066</u>	<u>11,809</u>

(c) Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax balances have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

Tax loss	2,630,764	2,303,659
Other deferred tax assets	1,617	12,825
Deferred tax liability in relation to exploration costs	<u>(2,254,198)</u>	<u>(2,264,071)</u>
Net deferred tax assets not recognised	<u>378,183</u>	<u>52,413</u>

* From 1 Aug 2022, exploration expenditures are fully tax deductible against the gross income in Fiji and any excess losses are carried forward to be allowed as a deduction against the gross income from mining operations in the title area until the losses have been fully deducted.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

7 INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

The Group's Fiji tax losses may be carried forward for up to eight years, with losses incurred from 2019 to 2024 set to expire progressively from 2027 through to 2032, unless utilised earlier. Tax losses arising from exploration expenditures may be carried forward indefinitely until fully utilised, subject to the relevant tax legislation.

8 LOSS PER SHARE

2025
\$ **2024**
\$

Basic and diluted loss per share have been calculated using:

Loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company

(4,624,512) (2,188,585)

No. of Shares

Weighted average number of shares at the end of the year used in basic and diluted loss per share

389,759,314 358,749,400

Basic and diluted loss per share (cents)

(1.19) (0.61)

As the Group is loss making, none of the potentially dilutive securities are currently dilutive.

9 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand, cash at bank and short-term deposits at call, net of any outstanding bank overdraft, if any. Cash at the end of the year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

Cash at bank	569,500	996
Total cash and cash equivalents	569,500	996

10 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivables	896	840
Other tax receivables	77,889	87,880
Total trade and other receivables	78,785	88,720

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

11 OTHER ASSETS

Current

Income tax receivable	14	-
Bond deposit	7,500	7,500
Prepayments	100,544	48,783
Total other current assets	<u>108,058</u>	<u>56,283</u>

Non-current

Bond deposit (refer to note below)	245,419	241,347
Other	3,164	3,112
Total other non-current assets	<u>248,583</u>	<u>244,459</u>

Bond deposits are held as security against tenements held by the Group. These are restricted until exploration licenses are relinquished or transferred to a separate license.

	2025 \$	2024 \$
12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Exploration computer equipment		
At cost	5,047	4,125
Less accumulated depreciation (depreciation is capitalised as deferred expenditure)	(1,389)	(2,292)
Total exploration computer equipment	<u>3,658</u>	<u>1,833</u>
Exploration furniture and fittings		
At cost	14,437	14,197
Less accumulated depreciation (depreciation is capitalised as deferred expenditure)	(13,808)	(13,216)
Total exploration furniture and fittings	<u>629</u>	<u>981</u>
Exploration plant and equipment		
At cost	557,254	556,943
Less accumulated depreciation (depreciation is capitalised as deferred expenditure)	(547,147)	(528,031)
Total exploration plant and equipment	<u>10,107</u>	<u>28,912</u>
Office equipment		
At cost	53,867	56,795
Less accumulated depreciation	(42,325)	(48,430)
Total office equipment	<u>11,542</u>	<u>8,365</u>
Total	<u>25,936</u>	<u>40,091</u>

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Movements in carrying amounts

Movements in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Exploration computer equipment \$	Exploration furniture and fittings \$	Exploration plant and equipment \$	Office equipment \$	Total \$
Gross carrying amount					
Balance at 1 July 2023	4,868	14,290	569,364	58,758	647,280
Additions	1,271	-	-	-	1,271
Disposals	(1,987)	-	(8,757)	(1,963)	(12,707)
Net exchange difference	(27)	(93)	(3,664)	-	(3,784)
Balance at 30 June 2024	4,125	14,197	556,943	56,795	632,060
Depreciation and impairment					
Balance at 1 July 2023	(3,403)	(13,013)	(520,976)	(46,004)	(583,396)
Depreciation	(893)	(289)	(19,163)	(4,388)	(24,733)
Disposals	1,987	-	8,757	1,962	12,706
Net exchange difference	17	86	3,351	-	3,454
Balance at 30 June 2024	(2,292)	(13,216)	(528,031)	(48,430)	(591,969)
Carrying amount as at 30 June 2024	1,833	981	28,912	8,365	40,091

	Exploration computer equipment \$	Exploration furniture and fittings \$	Exploration plant and equipment \$	Office equipment \$	Total \$
Gross carrying amount					
Balance at 1 July 2024	4,125	14,197	556,943	56,795	632,060
Additions	2,636	-	-	7,909	10,545
Disposals	(1,771)	-	(9,027)	(10,837)	(21,635)
Net exchange difference	57	240	9,338	-	9,635
Balance at 30 June 2025	5,047	14,437	557,254	53,867	630,605
Depreciation and impairment					
Balance at 1 July 2024	(2,292)	(13,216)	(528,031)	(48,430)	(591,969)
Depreciation	(841)	(365)	(19,297)	(4,303)	(24,806)
Disposals	1,771	-	9,027	10,408	21,206
Net exchange difference	(27)	(227)	(8,846)	-	(9,100)
Balance at 30 June 2025	(1,389)	(13,808)	(547,147)	(42,325)	(604,669)
Carrying amount as at 30 June 2025	3,658	629	10,107	11,542	25,936

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

13 LEASES

The Group entered a long-term operating lease commitment for a motor vehicle in Fiji from 1 November 2022 to 31 October 2025. The monthly lease payment is F\$2,386. The lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability.

The Group entered into a long-term operating lease agreement for the commercial office in Fiji from 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2025. The monthly lease payment is F\$3,500. The lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. Subsequent to year end, the Group entered into a new long-term operating lease agreement of office lease in Fiji from 1 July 2025 to 30 June 2027. The monthly lease payment is set to be F\$3,500.

The table below describes the nature of the Group's leasing activities recognised on the balance sheet.

Right-of-use assets	No of right-of-use assets leased	Remaining lease term	No of leases with extension options	No of leases with options to purchase	No of leases with variable payments linked to an index	No of leases with termination options
Motor vehicle	1	4 months	-	-	-	-
Office	1	-	-	-	-	-

The Group has a short-term operating lease commitment of office lease in Australia, expiring within seven months. The Group elects to apply the recognition exemptions of AASB 16 to the lease and recognises lease payments as an expense on a straight-line basis.

Right-of-use Assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Right-of-use assets are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

	2025 \$	Consolidated 2024 \$
Non-current assets		
Right-of-use assets	103,613	101,894
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(97,930)	(53,742)
	<u>5,683</u>	<u>48,152</u>

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

13 LEASES (CONTINUED)

As at the reporting date, the consolidated entity has one leased motor vehicle under operating leases expiring in approximately four months, with in certain instances options to extend. On renewal, the terms of the lease are renegotiated.

Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Consolidated	\$
Balance at 30 June 2024	48,152
Other adjustment of depreciation capitalised	(43,282)
Net exchange difference	813
Balance at 30 June 2025	<u>5,683</u>

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$	\$
Right-of-use assets		
Motor vehicle	5,683	22,356
Office	<u>-</u>	<u>25,796</u>
Total right-of-use assets	<u>5,683</u>	<u>48,152</u>

Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the entity's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group uses recent arm's length borrowing rate received as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since borrowing was received, making adjustments specific to the lease (e.g. term, country, currency and security).

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

13 LEASES (CONTINUED)

Lease liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$	\$
Current	6,467	44,938
Non-current	-	6,360
Total lease liabilities	6,467	51,298

The lease liabilities are secured by the related underlying assets. Future minimum lease payments as at 30 June 2025 were as follows:

	Minimum lease payments due		
	Within one year	One to three years	Total
30 June 2025	\$	\$	\$
Lease payments	6,547	-	6,547
Finance charges	(80)	-	(80)
Net present value	6,467	-	6,467
30 June 2024			
Lease payments	47,649	6,439	54,088
Finance charges	(2,711)	(79)	(2,790)
Net present value	44,938	6,360	51,298

Additional profit or loss and cash flow information

Amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income:

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$	\$
Depreciation*	-	-
Interest expenses on lease*	-	-
Short-term lease expenses	103,937	99,940

Amounts recognised in the statement of cash flows:

Repayment of lease liabilities	45,697	38,318
Short-term lease payments	104,275	100,264
Amount recognised as part of exploration cost payments capitalised	2,756	9,331
Total cash outflow in respect of leases in the year	152,728	147,913

*Depreciation of \$43,282 and Interest of \$2,756 on lease were capitalised into exploration and evaluation expenditure as at 30 June 2025.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

14 CAPITALISED EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE

	\$
Balance at 1 July 2023	35,555,802
Expenditure capitalised during the year	553,952
Net exchange difference	(54,260)
Impairment	(3,007)
Balance at 30 June 2024	<u>36,052,487</u>
Balance at 1 July 2024	36,052,487
Expenditure capitalised during the year	710,152
Net exchange difference	155,566
Impairment	(2,240,857)
Balance at 30 June 2025	<u>34,677,348</u>

The ultimate recoupment of these costs is dependent on the successful development and exploitation, or alternatively sale, of the respective areas of interest.

The Directors have considered the requirements of AASB 6: Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources including requirements pertinent to impairment indicators for each area of interest.

SPL1451 licence was renewed for a further 3-year period from 28 June 2024 to 27 June 2027. As at 30 June 2025, the Group assessed its exploration and evaluation expenditure assets for impairment. Based on the fact that no substantive expenditure on further exploration work was budgeted or planned, a full impairment of \$2,240,857 for the capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure in this area was recorded during the year. Should the plan change, the Company will review and reassess the carrying value of SPL 1451 for impairment reversal in the future years.

The SPL1495 licence expired on 26 April 2025. An application for a further 3-year renewal was submitted to the Mineral Resources Department, Fiji. While the renewal application is being processed the licence remains in force. As the Company has more than met all requirements of the previous licence, the Company sees no reason why the renewal cannot be approved.

As at 30 June 2025, the Group assessed its exploration and evaluation expenditure assets for impairment. The SPL1452 licence was renewed for a further period of three years on 3 July 2024 and now will expire on 2 July 2027. The Company continued to expense the exploration costs of SPL1452 and monitored the progress of the project for the year ended 30 June 2025. The Company will review and reassess the carrying value of SPL 1452 for impairment reversal in the future years.

15 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2025 \$	2024 \$
Current		
Accruals	186,890	260,098
Trade creditors	24,066	372,325
Other payables	61,807	34,973
Total trade and other payables	<u>272,763</u>	<u>667,396</u>

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
16 BORROWINGS		
Non-current		
Loan from related parties	-	429,812
Loan from third party	428,775	439,582
Total borrowings	<u>428,775</u>	<u>869,394</u>

The Company has three loan facilities with related parties (refer to note 20) and one loan facility with a third party as at the reporting date.

The outstanding loan payable including principal and interest on the third party loan facility as at 30 June 2025 is \$428,775 (2024: \$439,582). The agreed interest rate on this unsecured loan is 10%. The facility is not secured. As at reporting date, the facility limit is \$1,000,000 and it expires on 31 December 2026. There is an unused amount of \$571,225 on this facility as at reporting date.

There is no outstanding loan payable on the first related party facility as at 30 June 2025 (2024: Nil). As at reporting date the total facility limit with this related party is \$3,500,000, and expires on 31 December 2026. The agreed interest rate on the unsecured loan is 5%. The facility is not secured.

There is no outstanding loan payable on the second related party facility as at 30 June 2025 (2024: \$429,073). The agreed interest rate on this unsecured loan is 10%. The facility is not secured. As at reporting date the facility limit is \$1,000,000 and it expires on 31 December 2026. There was a drawdown of \$120,000 in September 2025 to bring the total unused facility down to \$880,000 as at the reporting date.

There is no outstanding loan payable on the third related party facility as at 30 June 2025 (2024: \$739). The agreed interest rate on this unsecured loan is 5%. The facility is not secured. As at reporting date the facility limit is \$100,000 and expires on 31 December 2026.

	2025	2024
	Shares	Shares
	\$	\$
17 ISSUED CAPITAL		
Ordinary shares fully paid	<u>416,631,312</u> <u>55,002,618</u>	<u>367,739,086</u> <u>50,659,480</u>

Movements in ordinary share capital

	No. of shares	\$
Ordinary shares		
Balance at 1 July 2023	353,214,136	49,149,196
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 6 December 2023 on exercise of options at \$0.10	1,834,560	183,456
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 2 January 2024 on exercise of options at \$0.10	3,000,000	300,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 18 January 2024 at \$0.20	2,500,000	500,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 7 February 2024 on exercise of options at \$0.10	4,000,000	400,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 14 May 2024 on exercise of options at \$0.10	2,159,683	215,968
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 26 June 2024 on exercise of options at \$0.10	1,030,707	103,071
Less costs of issue*	-	(192,211)
Balance at 30 June 2024	<u>367,739,086</u>	<u>50,659,480</u>

* Included in costs of issue are cash payments of \$66,218 and \$125,993 in respect of the fair value of options issued to brokers in lieu of service (see note 28).

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

17 ISSUED CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

Ordinary shares	No. of shares	\$
Balance at 1 July 2024	367,739,086	50,659,480
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 12 July 2024 on exercise of options at \$0.10	919,663	91,966
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 30 July 2024 at \$0.20	1,750,000	350,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 6 August 2024 on exercise of options at \$0.10	1,000,000	100,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 2 September 2024 at \$0.20	1,500,000	300,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 4 September 2024 on exercise of options at \$0.10	989,911	98,991
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 1 October 2024 at \$0.20	530,000	106,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 11 October 2024 at \$0.20	2,500,000	500,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 18 November 2024 on exercise of options at \$0.10	1,000,000	100,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 25 November 2024 on exercise of options at \$0.10	10,000,000	1,000,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 12 December 2024 on exercise of options at \$0.10	1,500,000	150,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 23 December 2024 on exercise of options at \$0.10	1,000,000	100,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 24 December 2024 on exercise of options at \$0.10	6,000,000	600,000
Fully paid ordinary shares issued 2 May 2025 on exercise of options at \$0.10	20,202,652	2,020,265
Less costs of issue**	-	(1,174,084)
Balance at 30 June 2025	416,631,312	55,002,618

**Included in costs of issue are cash payments of \$1,004,999 and \$169,085 in respect of the fair value of options issued to brokers in lieu of service (see note 28).

The share capital of Dome Gold Mines consists only of fully paid ordinary shares. All shares are equally eligible to receive dividends and the repayment of capital and represent one vote at the shareholders' meeting of Dome Gold Mines.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

18 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Reconciliation of cash		
Cash and cash equivalents	569,500	996
Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with loss from ordinary activities after income tax		
Loss from ordinary activities after income tax	(4,624,512)	(2,188,585)
Non-cash flows in loss from ordinary activities		
Depreciation and amortisation	4,303	4,388
Impairment loss	2,240,857	3,007
Finance costs	(66,612)	70,702
Loss on sale of PPE	429	-
Changes in other assets and liabilities	(9,679)	(407)
Changes in trade and other receivables	9,935	(39,122)
Changes in trade and other payables	(356,752)	359,263
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,802,031)	(1,790,754)

Non-cash financing activities includes share-based payments issued to brokers in lieu of services provided of \$169,085 (2024: \$125,993). Refer to note 28 for further details.

19 REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

During the year, the following services were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the company:

Audit services		
-KPMG	84,000	79,500
Total remuneration of auditor	84,000	79,500
Assurance services		
Auditors of the Group - KPMG		
-Audit and review of other financial statements	20,286	18,416
Total remuneration of auditor	20,286	18,416
Other services		
Auditors of the Group - KPMG		
-Taxation advice and tax compliance services	11,717	19,201
Total remuneration of auditor	11,717	19,201

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

20 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with key management personnel

Key management of the Group are Dome's members of Board of Directors. Key management personnel remuneration is shown in the table below:

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Short term employee benefits		
Cash salaries and fees	252,000	198,000
Accrued salaries and fees	-	42,000
Total short-term employee benefits	<u>252,000</u>	<u>240,000</u>
Post-employment benefits		
Superannuation	20,286	13,860
Accrued superannuation	-	4,620
Total post-employment benefits	<u>20,286</u>	<u>18,480</u>
Total remuneration	<u>272,286</u>	<u>258,480</u>

The Group has loans from related parties as described below.

Loan from related parties

Beginning of the year	429,812	-
Loans advanced	150,800	812,573
Loan repayments	(605,954)	(198,348)
Interest charged	25,342	31,555
Converted to equity	-	(215,968)
End of period	<u>-</u>	<u>429,812</u>

The Group has a loan facility with Mr Tadao Tsubata. There is no outstanding loan payable on this facility as at 30 June 2025 (2024: \$739). As at reporting date the remaining unused facility with Mr Tsubata is \$100,000 and expires on 31 December 2026. The agreed interest rate on the loan is 5%. The facility is not secured.

The Group has a loan facility with a company which is a related party of Mr Tadao Tsubata. There is no outstanding loan payable on the related party facility as at 30 June 2025 (2024: Nil). As at reporting date, the total facility limit with this related party is \$3,500,000 and expires on 31 December 2026. The agreed interest rate on the unsecured loan is 5%. The facility is not secured.

The Group has another loan facility with a company which is a related party of Ms Sarah Harvey. There is no outstanding loan payable on this facility as at 30 June 2025 (2024: \$429,073). There was a drawdown of \$120,000 in September 2025 to bring the total unused facility down to \$880,000 as at the reporting date. The agreed interest rate on the unsecured loan is 10%. The facility will expire on 31 December 2026.

On 12 July 2024, the Company issued 919,663 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.10 per share to a related party of Mr Tsubata as a result of options being exercised and raised \$91,966.

There are no other related party transactions during the year ended 30 June 2025.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

21 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The minimum tenement expenditure requirements for each year are shown below.

Project	License	Expiry date	2026 \$	2027 \$	2028 \$
Ono Island	SPL 1451	27 June 2027	382,915	342,983	-
Nadrau	SPL 1452	02 July 2027	411,923	342,983	-
Sigatoka	SPL 1495	26 April 2025*	-	-	-
Total			794,838	685,966	-

* Application to renew SPL 1495 for a further 3-year period was submitted to the Mineral Resources Department, Fiji.

Bond deposits

As at 30 June 2025, the Group has bond deposits totalling \$252,919 (2024: \$248,847), \$240,008 out of which were provided to MRD.

There are no other contingent assets or liabilities as at the date of this financial report.

22 SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's management and internal reporting structure.

Transactions with business segments are determined on an arm's length basis.

Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly income earning assets, interest bearing loans, borrowings and expenses, and corporate assets and expenses.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

22 SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

Business segments

For the year ended 30 June 2025, the Group principally operated in Fiji in the mineral exploration sector.

The Group has two reportable segments, as described below. The Gold Project was impaired as at 30 June 2025.

Operating Segment	Ironsand Project \$	Gold Projects (impaired) \$	Unallocated \$	Consolidated total \$
30 June 2024				
Segment revenue				
External revenue	-	-	-	-
Finance income	651	165	315	1,131
Total revenue	651	165	315	1,131
Depreciation	-	-	(4,388)	(4,388)
Impairment	-	(3,007)	-	(3,007)
Segment loss	(32,154)	(21,912)	(2,131,519)	(2,188,585)
Segment assets	34,160,756	2,287,391	83,041	36,531,188
Segment liabilities	174,232	10,154	1,426,373	1,610,759
30 June 2025				
Segment revenue				
External revenue	-	-	-	-
Finance income	329	92	3,799	4,220
Total revenue	329	92	3,799	4,220
Depreciation	-	-	(4,303)	(4,303)
Impairment	-	(2,240,857)	-	(2,240,857)
Segment loss	(51,958)	(2,326,009)	(2,246,545)	(4,624,512)
Segment assets	34,945,719	109,255	658,919	35,713,893
Segment liabilities	126,289	3,662	621,072	751,023

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

22 SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of reportable segment profit & loss, assets and liabilities

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Loss before tax		
Loss before tax for reportable segment	(2,377,967)	(57,066)
Other loss before tax unallocated	(2,246,545)	(2,131,519)
Consolidated loss before tax	<u>(4,624,512)</u>	<u>(2,188,585)</u>
Assets		
Total assets for reportable segments	35,054,974	36,448,147
Other assets unallocated	658,919	83,041
Consolidated assets	<u>35,713,893</u>	<u>36,531,188</u>
Liabilities		
Total liabilities for reportable segments	129,951	184,386
Other liabilities unallocated	621,072	1,426,373
Consolidated liabilities	<u>751,023</u>	<u>1,610,759</u>

23 PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES

As at and throughout the financial year ended 30 June 2025, the parent entity of the Group was Dome Gold Mines Ltd.

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

Net loss for the year	(2,713,328)	(1,773,135)
Other comprehensive income	34,430	(17,043)
Total comprehensive loss	<u>(2,678,898)</u>	<u>(1,790,178)</u>

Statement of financial position

Current assets	4,288,538	2,425,988
Non-current assets	34,333,562	35,131,205
Total assets	38,622,100	37,557,193
Current liabilities	287,597	615,397
Non-current liabilities	428,775	869,394
Total liabilities	716,372	1,484,791
Net assets	<u>37,905,728</u>	<u>36,072,402</u>

Equity

Issued capital	55,017,994	50,674,855
Accumulated losses	(17,464,468)	(20,873,353)
Share-based payment reserve	352,202	6,270,900
Total equity	<u>37,905,728</u>	<u>36,072,402</u>

The Directors are of the opinion that no contingencies existed at, or subsequent to year end.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

24 POST-REPORTING DATE EVENTS

Subsequent to the end of the financial year:

Renewal of SPL1495

An application for a further 3-year renewal of SPL1495 was submitted in August 2025 and is currently being processed by the MRD. Since the Company has met and exceeded all requirements of the previous licence, the Company sees no reason why the renewal won't be approved. During the application processing period the Company has continued work on the Feasibility Study (FS) with the approval of MRD. With the MRD community consultations now concluded, MRD advised that the renewal documents and their recommendation to the Minister for renewal of SPL 1495 have been compiled and are awaiting authorisation by the Minister.

Desilting Project discussion

According to the MRD, a meeting between the Minister for Land and Mineral Resources and the chiefly head of the Nadroga Navosa Province (Turaga Na Kalevu Tui Nadroga) in early August 2025 was very productive in gleaning a balanced view on the position of the community and barriers to mitigating the risks of flooding and unlocking the value of mineral resources for Land Owning Units (LOU's). Following this meeting, MRD noted that future dialogue with LOU's will be restricted to the Vanua with JYC being excluded from discussions.

Capital Raising

The Company launched a Share Purchase Plan (SPP) on 25th August for further capital raising. The offer opened on 27th August and closed on 12th September. The SPP allows Eligible Shareholders to subscribe for up to A\$30,000 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.15 which is 6.25% discount on the market prices. The SPP raised \$366,000 in total.

Subsequent to 30 June 2025, the Group has drawn down a further \$120,000 of debt against current related party facilities in place.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

25 SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars in relation to controlled entities:

	Country of incorporation	Company interest in ordinary shares	
		2025	2024
		%	%
Controlled entities			
Dome Mines Pte Limited	Fiji	100	100
Magma Mines Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Magma Mines Pte Limited	Fiji	100	100

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

26 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK

26.1 Risk management objectives and policies

The Group is exposed to various risks in relation to financial instruments. The Group's financial assets and liabilities by category are summarised in note 3.13. The main types of risks are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's risk management is coordinated by management, in close co-operation with the Board of Directors, and focuses on actively securing the Group's short to medium term cash flows by minimising the exposure to financial markets.

The Group does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The most significant financial risks to which the Group is exposed are described below.

The Group is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to currency risk and certain other price risks, which result from both its operating and investing activities.

26.2 Market risk analysis

The Group is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to currency risk, interest rate risk and certain other price risks, which result from both its operating and investing activities.

Foreign currency sensitivity

Most of the Group's transactions are carried out in AUD. Exposures to currency exchange rates arise from the fact that the functional currency of its Fijian subsidiaries is in FJD and that it holds a portion of its cash in FJD. To mitigate the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, non-AUD cash flows are monitored.

	2025		2024	
	Foreign currency	\$	Foreign currency	\$
Fijian Dollar	47,383	32,503	697	470

The following significant exchange rates applied during the year:

	Average rate		Reporting date spot rate	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Fijian Dollar	1.4591	1.4661	1.4578	1.4824

The following table illustrates the impact on the Group's loss and equity if the exchange rate between the Australian dollar to the Fijian Dollar had moved, with all other variables held constant. It assumes a +/- 5% change of the AUD/FJD exchange rate for the year ended 30 June 2025.

If the AUD had strengthened against the FJD by 5% (2024: 5%) then this would have had the following impact:

	Loss for the year	Equity
	\$	\$
30 June 2025	(1,625)	(1,625)
30 June 2024	(24)	(24)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

26 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK (CONTINUED)

26.2 Market risk analysis (continued)

If the AUD had weakened against the FJD by 5% (2024: 5%) then this would have had the following impact:

	Loss for the year	Equity
	\$	\$
30 June 2025	1,625	1,625
30 June 2024	24	24

Interest rate sensitivity

Interest risk arises from the use of interest-bearing financial instruments. It is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates (interest rate risk).

The Group's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on financing. Borrowings are therefore usually at fixed rates. On 30 June 2025, the Group is not exposed to changes in market interest rates through borrowings as all borrowings are at fixed interest rates.

On 30 June 2025, the Group's exposure to cash flow interest relates primarily to cash at bank of the Group which bears floating rates. The Group will consider investing any surplus cash in long term deposits at fixed rates when appropriate.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following floating financial instruments:

	2025		2024	
	Weighted average interest rate %	Balance \$	Weighted average interest rate %	Balance \$
Cash and cash equivalents	0.66%	569,500	0.00	996

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a 0.5% change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit (through the impact on floating rate financial assets and financial liabilities).

	2025		2024	
	+0.5% \$	-0.5% \$	+0.5% \$	-0.5% \$
Profit/(loss) for the year	2,847	(2,847)	5	(5)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

26 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK (CONTINUED)

26.3 Credit risk analysis

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge an obligation to the Group. The Group is exposed to this risk for various financial instruments, for example by receivables from other parties, placing deposits, etc. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at the reporting date, as summarised below:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Classes of financial assets -		
Carrying amounts:		
Cash and cash equivalents	569,500	996
Trade and other receivables	78,785	88,720
Bond deposit	252,919	248,847
Carrying amount	901,204	338,563

The Group continuously monitors defaults of other counterparties, identified either individually or by group, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. Where available at reasonable cost, external credit ratings and/or reports on other counterparties are obtained and used. The Group's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

The Group's management considers that all the above financial assets that are not impaired or past due for each of the reporting dates under review are of good credit quality. The Group currently has no receivables from trading and therefore, is not exposed to credit risk in relation to trade receivables.

None of the Group's financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements.

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, bank guarantee deposit, bond deposit and tax refunds is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks and government bodies with high quality external credit ratings.

26.4 Liquidity risk analysis

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group might be unable to meet its obligations. The Group manages its liquidity needs by monitoring scheduled debt-servicing payments for financial liabilities as well as forecast cash inflows and outflows due in day-to-day business. The data used for analysing these cash flows is consistent with that used in the contractual maturity analysis below. Liquidity needs are monitored in various time bands, on a day-to-day and week-to-week basis, as well as on the basis of a rolling 30-day projection. Long-term liquidity needs for a 180-day and a 360-day lookout period are identified monthly. Net cash requirements are compared to available borrowing facilities in order to determine headroom or any shortfalls. This analysis shows that available borrowing facilities are expected to be sufficient over the lookout period.

The Group's objective is to maintain cash and marketable securities to meet its liquidity requirements for 90-day periods at a minimum when possible.

The carrying amount of financial liabilities recognised at the reporting date, as summarised below:

30 June 2025	Carrying value	Contractual amount		
		Total	Within one year	Between one to five years
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other payables	272,763	272,763	272,763	-
Borrowings	428,775	428,775	-	428,775
Lease liability	6,467	6,467	6,467	-
Total	708,005	708,005	279,230	428,775

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

26 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK (CONTINUED)

26.4 Liquidity risk analysis (continued)

30 June 2024	Carrying value	Contractual amount		
		Total	Within one year	Between one to five years
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other payables	667,396	667,396	667,396	-
Borrowings	869,394	869,394	-	869,394
Lease liability	51,298	51,298	44,938	6,360
Total	1,588,088	1,588,088	712,334	875,754

27 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Our objective of capital risk management is to manage capital and safeguard our ability to continue as a going concern, and to generate returns for shareholders. The Group manages its risk exposure of its financial instruments in accordance with the guidance of the Board of Directors. The Group uses different methods to manage and minimise its exposure to risks. These include monitoring levels of interest rates fluctuations to maximise the return of bank balances and the flexing of the gearing ratios. Liquidity risk is monitored through the development of future rolling cash flow forecasts.

The final approval and monitoring of any of these policies is done by the Board which review and agrees on the policies for managing risks.

The primary responsibility to monitor the financial risks lies with the Directors and the Company Secretary under the authority of the Board. The Board approved policies for managing risks including the setting up of approval limits for purchases and monitoring projections of future cash flows.

28 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

During the year ended 30 June 2025, 4,765,000 options were issued in exchange for goods or services provided.

The fair values of options granted were determined using a variation of the Black-Scholes option pricing model utilising the key inputs including the Group's risk-free borrowing rate, volatility of the Group's shares and a dividend yield of 0%. The fair value is appraised at the grant date and excludes the impact of non-market vesting conditions.

The underlying expected volatility was determined by reference to historical data of the Company's shares over a period of time. No special features inherent to the options granted were incorporated into measurement of fair value.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

28 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

Share options issued in lieu of brokerage fees

Awarded during the year	Award date and vesting date	Expiry date	Fair value of options at award date	Exercise price	Share price at grant date	Risk free rate (%)	Expected volatility (%)	Value of options granted during the year (\$)	Amount of share issue costs recognised (\$)
2023									
580,000	21/11/2022	21/11/2025	\$0.0985	\$0.20	\$0.235	3.20	49.29	57,124	57,124
								<u>57,124</u>	<u>57,124</u>
2024									
1,250,000	18/01/2024	18/01/2027	\$0.1008	\$0.10	\$0.175	3.84	53.59	125,993	125,993
								<u>125,993</u>	<u>125,993</u>
2025									
1,750,000	30/07/2024	30/07/2027	\$0.0576	\$0.20	\$0.170	3.97	52.80	100,772	100,772
1,500,000	2/09/2024	2/09/2027	\$0.0238	\$0.20	\$0.105	3.60	57.39	35,718	35,718
265,000	1/10/2024	1/10/2027	\$0.0214	\$0.20	\$0.100	3.55	57.40	5,676	5,676
1,250,000	11/10/2024	11/10/2027	\$0.0215	\$0.20	\$0.100	3.78	57.33	26,919	26,919
								<u>169,085</u>	<u>169,085</u>

Dome Gold Mines Ltd

and its controlled entities

**Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement
for the year ended 30 June 2025**

Entity Name	Body corporate, partnership or trust	Place of incorporation	% of share capital held directly or indirectly by the Company in the body corporate	Australian or Foreign tax resident	Jurisdiction for Foreign tax resident
Dome Gold Mines Limited	Body Corporate	Australia	N/A	Australian	N/A
Magma Mines Pty Limited	Body Corporate	Australia	100%	Australian	N/A
Dome Mines Pte Limited	Body Corporate	Fiji	100%	Foreign	Fiji
Magma Mines Pte Limited	Body Corporate	Fiji	100%	Foreign	Fiji

Determination of Tax Residency

Section 295 (3A) of the Corporations Act 2001 requires that the tax residency of each entity which is included in the Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement (CEDS) be disclosed. In the context of an entity which was an “Australian resident” has the meaning provided in the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997. The determination of tax residency involves judgment as the determination of tax residency is highly fact dependent and there are currently several different interpretations that could be adopted, and which could give rise to a different conclusion on residency.

In determining tax residency – The consolidated entity has applied the following interpretations:

- Australian tax residency – The consolidated entity has applied current legislation and judicial precedent, including having regard to the Commissioner of Taxation’s public guidance in Tax Ruling TR 2018/5.
- Foreign tax residency – The consolidated entity has applied current legislation and where available judicial precedent in the determination of foreign tax residency. Where necessary, the consolidated entity has used independent tax advisers in foreign jurisdictions to assist in its determination of tax residency to ensure applicable foreign tax legislation has been complied with.

Directors' Declaration

The Directors of the Company declare that:

(1) In the opinion of the Directors of Dome Gold Mines Limited:

a) The consolidated financial statements and notes set out on pages 32 to 67 and the Remuneration report on pages 24 to 27 in the Directors' report, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

i Giving a true and fair view of its financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and

ii Complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and

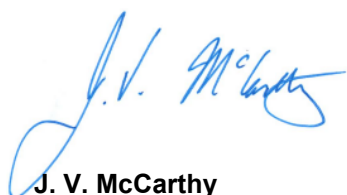
b) The consolidated entity disclosure statement as at 30 June 2025 set out on page 68 is true and correct; and

c) There are reasonable grounds to believe that Dome Gold Mines Limited will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

(2) The Directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (or equivalent) for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

(3) Note 1 confirms that the consolidated financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors



J. V. McCarthy

Chairman

Dated this 30 September 2025

Sydney



Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholders of Dome Gold Mines Limited

Report on the audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the **Financial Report** of Dome Gold Mines Limited (the Company).

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Report of the Company gives a true and fair view, including of the **Group's** financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its financial performance for the year then ended, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, in compliance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The **Financial Report** comprises:

- Consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025
- Consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, Consolidated statement of changes in equity, and Consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- Consolidated entity disclosure statement and accompanying basis of preparation as at 30 June 2025
- Notes, including material accounting policies
- Directors' Declaration.

The **Group** consists of the Company and the entities it controlled at the year-end or from time to time during the financial year.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the *Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to Note 3.15, “Going Concern” in the financial report. The conditions disclosed in Note 3.15 indicate a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group’s ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, whether it will realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business, and at the amounts stated in the financial report. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

In concluding there is a material uncertainty related to going concern we evaluated the extent of uncertainty regarding events or conditions casting significant doubt in the Group’s assessment of going concern. This included:

- Analysing the cash flow projections by:
 - Evaluating the underlying data used to generate the projections for consistency with other information tested by us, our understanding of the Group’s intentions, and past results and practices;
 - Assessing the planned levels of operating cash inflows and outflows, including capital expenditures, for feasibility, timing, consistency of relationships and trends to the Group’s historical results, results since year end, and our understanding of the business, industry and economic conditions of the Group;
- Assessing significant non-routine forecast cash inflows and outflows, including the impact of planned capital raisings for feasibility, quantum and timing. We used our knowledge of the client, its industry and current status of those initiatives to assess the level of associated uncertainty.
- Reading Directors minutes and relevant correspondence with the Group’s advisors to understand the Group’s ability to raise additional shareholder funds, and assess the level of associated uncertainty;
- Evaluating the Group’s going concern disclosures in the financial report by comparing them to our understanding of the matter, the events or conditions incorporated into the cash flow projection assessment, the Group’s plans to address those events or conditions, and accounting standard requirements. We specifically focused on the principle matters giving rise to the material uncertainty.

Key Audit Matters

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Report of the current period.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the *Material uncertainty related to going concern* section, we have determined the matter described below to be the Key Audit Matter.

Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure - \$34,677,348	
Refer to Note 14 to the Financial Report	
The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure (E&E) is a key audit matter due to: • The significance of E&E activities to the Group's business, with the balance of capitalised E&E expenditure being 97% of total assets; and • The greater level of audit effort required to evaluate the Group's application of the requirements of the industry specific accounting standard AASB 6 <i>Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources</i> (AASB 6), in particular, the conditions allowing capitalisation of relevant expenditure and the presence of impairment indicators. The presence of impairment indicators would necessitate a detailed analysis by the Group of the value of E&E, therefore given the criticality of this to the scope and depth of our work, we involved senior team members to challenge the Group's determination of the presence of impairment indicators. In assessing the conditions allowing capitalisation of relevant expenditure, we focused on: • The determination of the areas of interest (areas); • Documentation available regarding rights to tenure, via licensing and compliance with relevant conditions, to maintain current rights to an area of interest and the Group's intention and capacity to continue the relevant E&E activities; • The Group's determination of whether the E&E assets are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest, or alternatively, by its sale.	Our procedures included: • We evaluated the Group's accounting policy to recognise exploration and evaluation assets using the requirements of AASB 6; • We assessed the Group's determination of its areas of interest for consistency with the definition in the accounting standard. This involved analysing the licenses in which the Group holds an interest and the exploration programs planned for those for consistency with documentation such as license related technical conditions and planned work programs; • We assessed the Group's current rights to tenure for each area of interest by corroborating the ownership of the relevant license to underlying documentation. We also tested for compliance with license conditions, such as minimum expenditure requirements; • We tested the Group's additions to E&E for the year by evaluating a statistical sample of recorded expenditure for consistency to underlying records, the capitalisation requirements of the Group's accounting policy and the requirements of the accounting standard; • We tested the completeness of exploration and evaluation expenditure recorded in the twelve-month period by evaluating a sample of payments recorded since 30 June 2025 for evidence of the timing of the transactions. For this procedure, we selected our sample from the Group's payments since balance date, trade payable schedule and unprocessed invoices post balance date;

In assessing the presence of impairment indicators, we focused on those that may draw into question the commercial continuation of E&E activities for each area of interest where significant capitalised E&E exists. In addition to the assessments above and given the financial position of the Group, we paid particular attention to: • The strategic direction of the Group and their intent to continue exploration activities in each area of interest; and • The ability of the Group to fund the continuation of activities in each area of interest. The Group full impaired certain areas during the year, amounting to \$2,240,857.	• We analysed the Group's determination of recoupment through successful development and exploitation of the area by evaluating the Group's documentation of planned future/continuing activities, including work program and project and corporate budgets for each area of interest; • We evaluated Group documents, such as minutes of Directors' meetings and the Group's cash flow projections, for consistency with their stated strategic intentions for continuing exploration and evaluation activities in certain areas. We corroborated this through interviews with key personnel; • We obtained project and corporate budgets identifying areas with existing funding and those requiring alternate funding sources. We compared this for consistency with areas with E&E, for evidence of the ability to fund continued activities. We identified those areas relying on alternate funding sources and evaluated the capacity of the Group to secure such funding. • We assessed the disclosures in the financial report, using our understanding of the matters obtained from our testing and against the requirements of the accounting standards.
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Other Information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in Dome Gold Mines Limited's annual report which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors are responsible for the Other Information.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the Remuneration Report and our related assurance opinion.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors are responsible for:

- preparing the Financial Report in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Group, and in compliance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*
- implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Group, and that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- assessing the Group and Company's ability to continue as a going concern and whether the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Group and Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Financial Report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report is located at the *Auditing and Assurance Standards Board* website at:

https://www.auasb.gov.au/media/bwvjcgre/ar1_2024.pdf This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Dome Gold Mines Limited the year ended 30 June 2025, complies with *Section 300A* of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Directors' responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with *Section 300A* of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Our responsibilities

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 24 to 27 of the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2025.

Our responsibility is to express an opinion as to whether the Remuneration Report complies in all material respects with *Section 300A* of the *Corporations Act 2001*, based on our audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*.



KPMG



Adam Twemlow

Partner

Brisbane

30 September 2025

ASX Additional Information

Additional information required by the ASX Limited Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report is set out below. The information is effective as at 31 August 2025.

SECURITIES EXCHANGE

The Company is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. The Home Exchange is Sydney.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

The number of substantial shareholders and their associates are set out below:

Shareholder	Number of Shares
Blue Ridge Interactive Limited	44,953,849
Onizaki Corporation	30,000,000
Fleet Market Investments Pty Ltd	25,342,625
Shukikaku	23,500,000

THE NUMBER OF HOLDERS IN EACH CLASS OF SECURITIES

The total distribution of fully paid shareholders and Optionholders as at 31 August 2025 was as follows:

Type of security	Number of holders	Number of securities
Ordinary shares	500	416,631,312
Unlisted options	5	11,860,000

CLASS AND VOTING RIGHTS

The voting rights attached to ordinary shares, as set out in the Company's Constitution, are that every member in person or by proxy, attorney or representative, shall have one vote on a show of hands and one vote for each share held on a poll.

A member holding partly paid shares is entitled to a fraction of a vote equivalent to the proportion which the amount paid up bears to the issue price for the shares.

Options don't carry voting rights.

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS AND OPTIONHOLDERS

The total distribution of fully paid shareholders and unlisted optionholders was as follows:

Range	Shareholders		Optionholders	
	Number of holders	Number of units	Number of holders	Number of unit
1 - 1,000	15	2,034	-	-
1,001 - 5,000	20	62,013	-	-
5,001 - 10,000	154	1,536,800	-	-
10,001 - 100,000	147	4,566,422	-	-
100,001 and over	164	410,464,043	5	11,860,000
Total	500	416,631,312	5	11,860,000

ASX Additional Information

LESS THAN MARKETABLE PARCELS

On 31 August 2025, there were 25 holders of less than a marketable parcel of 2,858 ordinary shares.

TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 August 2025, the twenty largest quoted shareholders held 66.78% of the fully paid ordinary shares as follows:

Name	Ordinary Shares	
	Quantity	%
Blue Ridge Interactive Limited	44,953,849	10.79
Onizaki Corporation	30,000,000	7.20
Fleet Market Investments Pty Ltd	25,342,625	6.08
Shukikaku	23,500,000	5.64
Boom Securities (HK) Ltd <Clients Accounts>	16,822,502	4.04
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	16,155,602	3.88
BNP Paribas Nominees Pty Ltd <IB AU Noms Retailclient>	12,776,002	3.07
Mr Ryoji Hitotsuyama	11,407,782	2.74
Globe Street Investments Pty Ltd <FRG Superannuation Fund A/C>	10,528,741	2.53
Brave Top Enterprises Ltd	10,500,000	2.52
Himawari Fudosan	10,000,000	2.40
Mr Hwaeun Park	8,743,512	2.10
Mr Yosuke Hitotsuyama	8,688,368	2.09
Mr Makoto Agawa	8,560,652	2.05
Globe Street Investments Pty Ltd <Globe Street Investments A/C>	8,471,259	2.03
Cybersys Inc	8,000,000	1.92
Bowwow KK	7,000,000	1.68
Mr Katsuji Kato	5,818,720	1.40
Mr Ippei Morimura	5,500,000	1.32
Mr Masayuki Kudo	5,473,976	1.31

TWENTY LARGEST OPTIONOLDERS

As at 31 August 2025, there were three optionholders that held 20% or more of the unquoted options.

Name	Unlisted Options	
	Quantity	%
Precious Tori Limited	6,015,000	50.72
Ms Etsuko Hirase	2,500,000	21.08
Shun Capital Pty Ltd	2,500,000	21.08

ASX Additional Information

ON MARKET BUY BACK

There is no on market buy-back.

ESCROWED SECURITIES

As at 31 August 2025, there were no escrowed securities.

TENEMENTS SCHEDULE

Tenement	Location	Holder	Area (Ha)	Expiry Date	Interest %
SPL 1451	Ono Island	Dome Mines Pte Ltd	3,028	27/06/2027	100
SPL 1452	Vunidawa*	Dome Mines Pte Ltd	32,930	02/07/2027	100
SPL 1495	Sigatoka	Magma Mines Pte Ltd	2,522	26/04/2025**	100

* Same area formerly known as Nadrau.

**Application to renew this Special Prospecting Licence for a further 3-year period was submitted to the Mineral Resources Department, Fiji. While the renewal application is being processed the licence remains in force.

Note: Magma Mines Pte Ltd and Dome Mines Pte Ltd, both incorporated in Fiji, are wholly owned subsidiaries of Dome Gold Mines Ltd. All the tenements are located in the Republic of Fiji.

Corporate Directory

ABN 49 151 996 566

Directors

Mr John V McCarthy (Chairman)
Mr Tadao Tsubata (Non-Executive Director)
Ms Sarah Harvey (Non-Executive Director)

Company Secretary

Mr Marcelo Mora

Corporate Office

Level 46, 680 George Street
Sydney NSW 2000
Australia

Registered Office

Level 46, 680 George Street
Sydney NSW 2000
Australia

Auditors

KPMG
Level 11, Corporate Centre One
Corner Bundall Road and Slatyer Avenue
Bundall QLD 4217

Bankers

National Australia Bank
300 Victoria Avenue
Chatswood NSW 2067

Solicitors

Finn Roache Lawyers
Level 8, 191 Clarence Street
Sydney NSW 2000

DOME GOLD MINES LTD

ABN 49 151 996 566

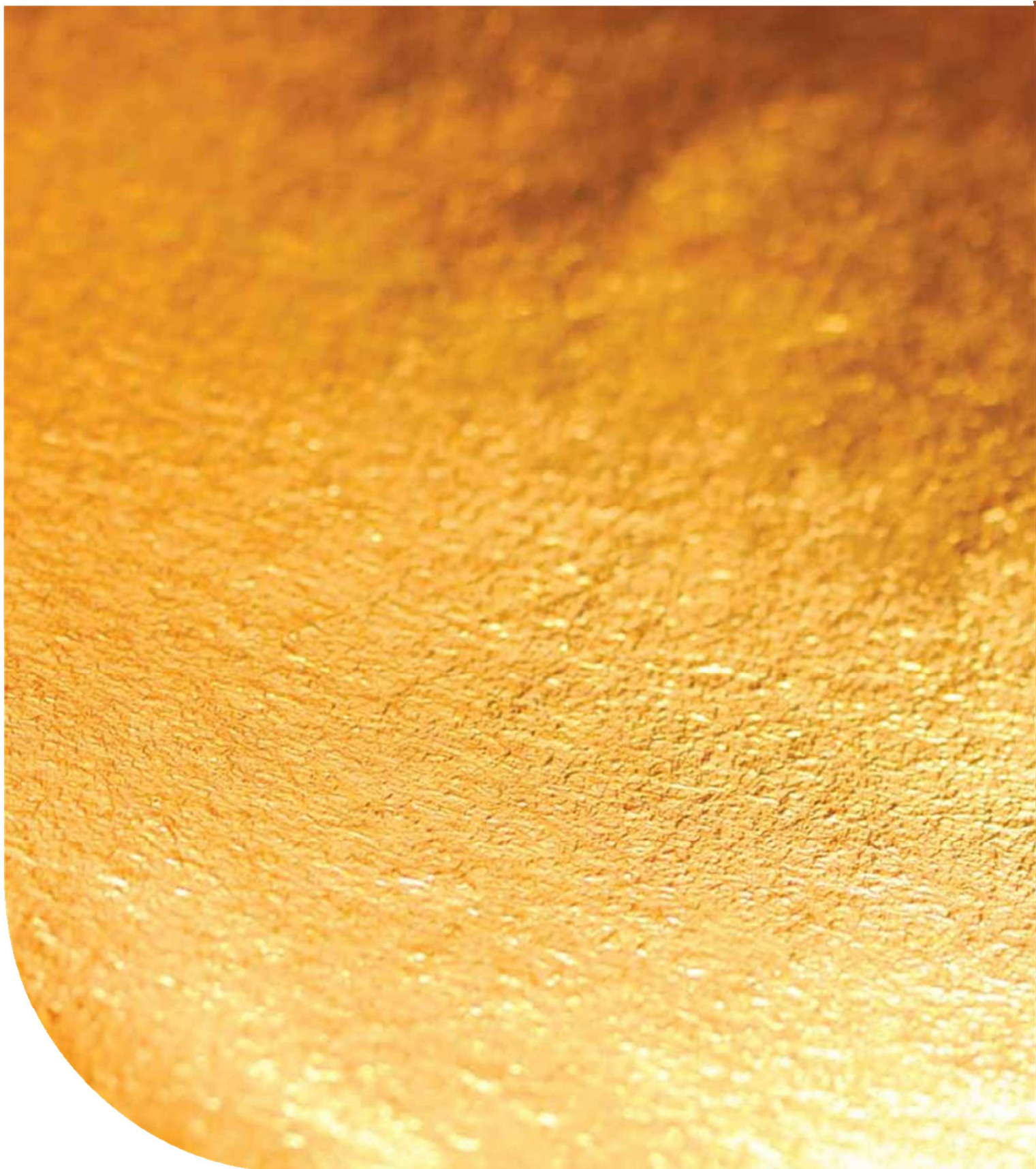
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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

– and –

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

– and –

PROXY FORM

DATE & TIME OF MEETING: Friday 21 November 2025 at 11:00 am

VENUE: Level 46, 680 George Street Sydney, NSW 2000

These documents should be read in their entirety.

**If shareholders are in any doubt as to how they should vote,
they should seek advice from their professional advisors.**

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of members is to be convened at Level 46, 680 George Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000 on Friday 21 November 2025 at 11:00 am Australian Eastern Daylight Time (AEDT).

AGENDA

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. **Financial Reports for the Year Ended 30 June 2025**

To receive and consider the Company's Annual Financial Reports, the Directors' Report and the Auditor's Report for the year ended 30 June 2025.

To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions, with or without amendment:

2. **Resolution 1 Adoption of the Remuneration Report**

'That the Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 June 2025 be and is hereby adopted.'

3. **Resolution 2 Re-election of a Director**

'That Sarah Harvey having retired in accordance with the Company's Constitution and the Listing Rules, and being eligible, offers herself for re-election, be re-elected as a Director of the Company with immediate effect.'

4. **Resolution 3 Ratification of 530,000 Shares - Listing Rule 7.4**

'That for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, shareholders hereby ratify and approve the issue and allotment of 530,000 fully paid ordinary shares issued under Listing Rule 7.1 on 1 October 2024, on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

5. **Resolution 4 Ratification of 265,000 Options - Listing Rule 7.4**

'That for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, shareholders hereby ratify and approve the issue and allotment of 265,000 unlisted options issued under Listing Rule 7.1 on 1 October 2024, on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

6. **Resolution 5 Ratification of 265,000 Options - Listing Rule 7.4**

'That for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, shareholders hereby ratify and approve the issue and allotment of 265,000 unlisted options issued under Listing Rule 7.1 on 1 October 2024, on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

7. **Resolution 6 Ratification of 2,500,000 Shares - Listing Rule 7.4**

'That for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, shareholders hereby ratify and approve the issue and allotment of 2,500,000 fully paid ordinary shares issued under Listing Rule 7.1 on 11 October 2024, on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

8. **Resolution 7 Ratification of 2,500,000 Options - Listing Rule 7.4**

'That for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, shareholders hereby ratify and approve the issue and allotment of 2,500,000 unlisted options issued under Listing Rule 7.1 on 11 October 2024, on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

9. **Resolution 8 Ratification of 1,250,000 Options - Listing Rule 7.4**

'That for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes, shareholders hereby ratify and approve the issue and allotment of 1,250,000 unlisted options issued under Listing Rule 7.1 on 11 October 2024, on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum accompanying this Notice of Meeting.'

10. **Resolution 9 Additional capacity to issue securities**

'That the additional capacity to issue equity securities up to 10% of the issued capital of the Company as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum attached to this Notice of Meeting be and is hereby approved for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.'

To transact any other business that may be brought forward in accordance with the Company's Constitution.

By Order of the Board
Marcelo Mora
Company Secretary
17 October 2025

**EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM
TO THE NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

This Explanatory Memorandum has been prepared to assist members to understand the business to be put to members at the Annual General Meeting to be held at Level 46, 680 George Street, Sydney NSW, 2000, on Friday, 21 November 2025 at 11:00 am Australian Eastern Daylight Time (AEDT).

Financial Report

The Financial Report, Directors' Report and Auditor's Report for the Company for the year ended 30 June 2025 will be laid before the meeting. There is no requirement for shareholders to approve these reports, however, the Chairman of the meeting will allow a reasonable opportunity to ask the auditor questions about the conduct of the audit and the content of the Auditor's Report.

Resolution 1 Adoption of Remuneration Report

The Remuneration Report, which can be found as part of the Directors' Report in the Company's 2025 Annual Report, contains certain prescribed details, sets out the policy adopted by the Board of Directors and discloses the payments to key management personnel, Directors and senior executives.

In accordance with section 250R of the Corporations Act, a resolution that the Remuneration Report be adopted must be put to the vote. The resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company.

Shareholders will be given a reasonable opportunity at the meeting to comment on and ask questions about the Company's Remuneration Report.

The Chairman intends to exercise all undirected proxies in favour of Resolution 1. If the Chairman of the Meeting is appointed as your proxy and you have not specified the way the Chairman is to vote on Resolution 1, by signing and returning the Proxy Form, you are considered to have provided the Chairman with an express authorisation for the Chairman to vote the proxy in accordance with the Chairman's intention.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The company will disregard any votes cast on Resolution 1 (in any capacity, whether as proxy or as shareholder) by any of the following persons:

Key Management Personnel and Closely Related Parties of Key Management Personnel.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote if it is:

- Cast by a person as a proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with the directions of the proxy form that specifies how the proxy is to vote on Resolution 1; or
- Cast by the chair of the Meeting as proxy or attorney appointed in accordance with the directions of the proxy form for a person who is entitled to vote, and such appointment on the proxy form expressly authorises the chair to exercise the proxy even if the resolution is connected directly with the remuneration report; or
- Cast by a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - The beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting on the resolution; and
 - The holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of advisory Resolution 1.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 1.

Resolution 2 Re-election of Ms Sarah Harvey

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, a Director must not hold office without re-election past the third Annual General Meeting following the Director's appointment or three years, whichever is longer. A Director who retires in accordance with these requirements is eligible for re-election. Ms Sarah Harvey retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers herself for re-election.

Ms Sarah Harvey is a lawyer and has worked for over 20 years across multiple industries in both private, corporate and government environments. She has experience in providing board advice in strategic planning, due diligence, and government regulatory compliance.

She holds a BA, LLB, Master of Law (In-house Practice), and Certificate in Governance Practice from the Governance Institute of Australia (GIA). She is a member of the Law Society of NSW.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of advisory Resolution 2.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 2.

Resolution 3 Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 1 October 2024, the Company issued 530,000 ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.20 per share to Mr Katsuji Kato utilising the Company capacity under Listing Rule 7.1. The purpose of the capital raising was to progress the exploration program in Fiji, contribute to corporate costs including directors' fees, ASX and share registry fees, legal, tax and audit fees, insurance and travel costs and general contingencies.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that a listed company can issue without the approval of its Shareholders over any 12 months period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary securities it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of these shares under Listing Rule 7.1 does not fit within any of these exceptions and, as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 months following the date the Company issued the Shares.

Listing Rule 7.4 allows the shareholders of a company to approve an issue of Equity Securities after it has been made or agreed to be made. If they do, the issue is taken to have been approved under Listing Rule 7.1 and so does not reduce the company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without shareholder approval under that rule.

The Company wishes to retain as much flexibility as possible to issue additional Equity Securities in the future without having to obtain Shareholder approval for such issues under Listing Rule 7.1.

To this end, Resolution 3 seeks Shareholder approval to ratify the issue under and for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4.

If Resolution 3 is passed, the issue of these shares will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the date the Company issued the shares.

If Resolution 3 is not passed, the issue of these shares will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the issued date.

The Company confirms that the issue of the Shares did not breach Listing Rule 7.1.

Details of the issue, as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5 are as follows:

Name of allottees:	Mr Katsuji Kato (who is not related party under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and is not a material investor as defined in section 7.4 of Guidance Note 21).
Number of securities allotted:	530,000 ordinary shares pursuant to Listing Rule 7.1
Terms:	Fully paid ordinary shares ranking <i>pari passu</i> with existing fully paid ordinary shares.
Date of issued:	The shares were issued on 1 October 2024.
Issue price:	\$0.20 per share
Intended use of funds:	To further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital, ongoing activities and payment of outstanding liabilities. The shares were not issued under an agreement.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 3 by or on behalf of

- Mr Katsuji Kato who participated in the issue or;
- an associate of that person or those persons.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 3.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 3.

Resolution 4 Ratification of Prior issue of Options

On 1 October 2024, the Company issued 265,000 unlisted Options to Mr Katsuji Kato as attaching options for the shares issued pursuant to Resolution 3 (there were no Listing Rule 10.11 parties). Each Option has an exercise price of \$0.20 and an expiry date 1 October 2027. The attaching options were issued in connection to the shares issue to Mr Katsuji Kato on the same date for the purpose to progress the exploration program in Fiji, contribute to corporate costs including directors' fees, ASX and share registry fees, legal, tax and audit fees, insurance and travel costs and general contingencies.

The terms and conditions of the Options are set out in Appendix A.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that the Company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 months period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary Shares it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of the Options does not fall within any of the exceptions set out in Listing Rule 7.2 as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

Listing Rule 7.4 allows the shareholders of a company to approve an issue of Equity Securities after it has been made or agreed to be made. If they do, the issue is taken to have been approved under Listing Rule 7.1 and so does not reduce the company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without shareholder approval under that rule.

The Company wishes to retain as much flexibility as possible to issue additional Equity Securities in the future without having to obtain Shareholder approval for such issues under Listing Rule 7.1.

To this end, Resolution 4 seeks Shareholder approval to ratify the issue under and for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4.

If Resolution 4 is passed, the issue of these options will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the date the Company issued the options. If all of the Options the subject of Resolution 4 are exercised, the Company will receive approximately \$53,000 in exercise monies.

If Resolution 4 is not passed, the issue of these options will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the issued date.

Resolution 4 seeks Shareholder approval of the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4.

Details as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5:

Names of allottees:	Mr Katsuji Kato. (Who is not related party to the Company under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and is not material investor as defined in section 7.4 of Guidance Note 21).
Number of securities to be allotted:	265,000 Unlisted Options.
Issue price:	Nil cash consideration
Terms:	The full terms and conditions of the Options issued under Resolution 4 are set out in Appendix A. Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one fully paid ordinary share. The options vested on the 1 October 2024 and are exercisable at any time before the Expiry Date.
Exercise price:	\$0.20 per share
Vesting date:	The options vested on the 1 October 2024.
Expiry date:	1 October 2027.
Intended use of funds:	The Options are free Options and therefore, no funds were raised from the issue. Any funds raised on exercise will be applied towards insuring Dome is well funded to continue progress in the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) at Sigatoka Iron Sand project in Fiji and for general corporate and working capital purposes. The options were not issued under an agreement.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 4 by or on behalf of:

- Mr Katsuji Kato who participated in the issue or;
- an associate of that person or those persons.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 4.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 4.

Resolution 5 Ratification of Prior issue of Options

On 1 October 2024, the Company issued 265,000 unlisted Options to Precious Tori Limited as commission options for the shares issued pursuant to Resolution 3 (there was no Listing Rule 10.11 parties). Each Option has an exercise price of \$0.20 and an expiry date 1 October 2027. The Broker Options are issued as consideration for acting as broker of the funds raised on 1 October 2024 and no funds will be raised from the issue of Broker Options. Any funds raised from the exercise of the Broker Options will be used for general working capital.

The terms and conditions of the Options are set out in Appendix A.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that the Company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 months period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary Shares it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of the Options does not fall within any of the exceptions set out in Listing Rule 7.2 as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

Listing Rule 7.4 allows the shareholders of a company to approve an issue of Equity Securities after it has been made or agreed to be made. If they do, the issue is taken to have been approved under Listing Rule 7.1 and so does not reduce the company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without shareholder approval under that rule.

The Company wishes to retain as much flexibility as possible to issue additional Equity Securities in the future without having to obtain Shareholder approval for such issues under Listing Rule 7.1.

To this end, Resolution 5 seeks Shareholder approval to ratify the issue under and for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4.

If Resolution 5 is passed, the issue of these options will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the date the Company issued the options. If all of the Options the subject of Resolution 5 are exercised, the Company will receive approximately \$53,000 in exercise monies.

If Resolution 5 is not passed, the issue of these options will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the issued date.

Resolution 5 seeks Shareholder approval of the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4.

Details as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5:

Names of allottees:	Precious Tori Limited (Who is not a related party to the Company under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and is not a material investor as defined in section 7.4 of Guidance Note 21).
Number of securities to be allotted:	265,000 Unlisted Options.
Issue price:	Nil cash consideration
Terms:	The full terms and conditions of the Options issued under Resolution 5 are set out in Appendix A. Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one fully paid ordinary share. The options vested on 1 October 2024 and are exercisable at any time before the Expiry Date.
Exercise price:	\$0.20 per share
Vesting date:	The options vested on 1 October 2024.
Expiry date:	1 October 2027.
Intended use of funds:	The Options are free Options and therefore, no funds were raised from the issue. Any funds raised on exercise will be applied towards insuring Dome is well funded to continue progress in the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) at Sigatoka Iron Sand project in Fiji and for general corporate and working capital purposes. The options were not issued under an agreement.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 5 by or on behalf of:

- Precious Tori Limited who participated in the issue or;
- an associate of that person or those persons.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 5.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 5.

Resolution 6 Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 11 October 2024, the Company issued 2,500,000 ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.20 per share to Shun Capital Pty Ltd utilising the Company capacity under Listing Rule 7.1. The purpose of the capital raising was to progress the exploration program in Fiji, contribute to corporate costs including directors' fees, ASX and share registry fees, legal, tax and audit fees, insurance and travel costs and general contingencies.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that a listed company can issue without the approval of its Shareholders over any 12 months period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary securities it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of these shares under Listing Rule 7.1 does not fit within any of these exceptions and, as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 months following the date the Company issued the Shares.

Listing Rule 7.4 allows the shareholders of a company to approve an issue of Equity Securities after it has been made or agreed to be made. If they do, the issue is taken to have been approved under Listing Rule 7.1 and so does not reduce the company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without shareholder approval under that rule.

The Company wishes to retain as much flexibility as possible to issue additional Equity Securities in the future without having to obtain Shareholder approval for such issues under Listing Rule 7.1.

To this end, Resolution 6 seeks Shareholder approval to ratify the issue under and for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4.

If Resolution 6 is passed, the issue of these shares will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the date the Company issued the shares.

If Resolution 6 is not passed, the issue of these shares will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the issued date.

The Company confirms that the issue of the Shares did not breach Listing Rule 7.1.

Details of the issue, as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5 are as follows:

Name of allottees:	Shun Capital Pty Ltd (who is not a related party under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and is not a material investor as defined in section 7.4 of Guidance Note 21).
Number of securities allotted:	2,500,000 ordinary shares pursuant to Listing Rule 7.1
Terms:	Fully paid ordinary shares ranking <i>pari passu</i> with existing fully paid ordinary shares.
Date of issued:	The shares were issued on 11 October 2024.
Issue price:	\$0.20 per share
Intended use of funds:	To further advance the exploration program in Fiji, working capital, ongoing activities and payment of outstanding liabilities. The shares were not issued under an agreement.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 6 by or on behalf of:

- Shun Capital Pty Ltd who participated in the issue or;
- an associate of that person or those persons.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 6.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 6.

Resolution 7 Ratification of Prior issue of Options

On 11 October 2024, the Company issued 2,500,000 unlisted Options to Shun Capital Pty Ltd as attaching options for the shares issued pursuant to Resolution 6 (there were no Listing Rule 10.11 parties). Each Option has an exercise price of \$0.20 and an expiry date 11 October 2027. The attaching options were issued in connection to the shares issue to Shun Capital Pty Ltd on the same date for the purpose to progress the exploration program in Fiji, contribute to corporate costs including directors' fees, ASX and share registry fees, legal, tax and audit fees, insurance and travel costs and general contingencies.

The terms and conditions of the Options are set out in Appendix A.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that the Company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 months period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary Shares it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of the Options does not fall within any of the exceptions set out in Listing Rule 7.2 as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

Listing Rule 7.4 allows the shareholders of a company to approve an issue of Equity Securities after it has been made or agreed to be made. If they do, the issue is taken to have been approved under Listing Rule 7.1 and so does not reduce the company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without shareholder approval under that rule.

The Company wishes to retain as much flexibility as possible to issue additional Equity Securities in the future without having to obtain Shareholder approval for such issues under Listing Rule 7.1.

To this end, Resolution 7 seeks Shareholder approval to ratify the issue under and for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4.

If Resolution 7 is passed, the issue of these options will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the date the Company issued the options. If all of the Options the subject of Resolution 7 are exercised, the Company will receive approximately \$500,000 in exercise monies.

If Resolution 7 is not passed, the issue of these options will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the issued date.

Resolution 7 seeks Shareholder approval of the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4.

Details as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5:

Names of allottees:	Shun Capital Pty Ltd. (Who is not related party to the Company under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and is not material investor as defined in section 7.4 of Guidance Note 21).
Number of securities to be allotted:	2,500,000 Unlisted Options.
Issue price:	Nil cash consideration
Terms:	The full terms and conditions of the Options issued under Resolution 7 are set out in Appendix A. Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one fully paid ordinary share. The options vested on the 11 October 2024 and are exercisable at any time before the Expiry Date.
Exercise price:	\$0.20 per share
Vesting date:	The options vested on the 11 October 2024.
Expiry date:	11 October 2027.
Intended use of funds:	The Options are free Options and therefore, no funds were raised from the issue. Any funds raised on exercise will be applied towards insuring Dome is well funded to continue progress in the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) at Sigatoka Iron Sand project in Fiji and for general corporate and working capital purposes. The options were not issued under an agreement.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 7 by or on behalf of:

- Shun Capital Pty Ltd who participated in the issue or;
- an associate of that person or those persons.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 7.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 7.

Resolution 8 Ratification of Prior issue of Options

On 11 October 2024, the Company issued 1,250,000 unlisted Options to Precious Tori Limited as commission options for the shares issued pursuant to Resolution 6 (there was no Listing Rule 10.11 parties). Each Option has an exercise price of \$0.20 and an expiry date 10 October 2027. The Broker Options are issued as consideration for acting as broker of the funds raised on 11 October 2024 and no funds will be raised from the issue of Broker Options. Any funds raised from the exercise of the Broker Options will be used for general working capital.

The terms and conditions of the Options are set out in Appendix A.

Broadly speaking, and subject to a number of exceptions, Listing Rule 7.1 limits the amount of Equity Securities that the Company can issue without the approval of its shareholders over any 12 months period to 15% of the fully paid ordinary Shares it had on issue at the start of that period.

The issue of the Options does not fall within any of the exceptions set out in Listing Rule 7.2 as it has not yet been approved by the Company's Shareholders, it effectively uses up part of the 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, reducing the Company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1 for the 12 month period following the date the Company issued the Shares.

Listing Rule 7.4 allows the shareholders of a company to approve an issue of Equity Securities after it has been made or agreed to be made. If they do, the issue is taken to have been approved under Listing Rule 7.1 and so does not reduce the company's capacity to issue further Equity Securities without shareholder approval under that rule.

The Company wishes to retain as much flexibility as possible to issue additional Equity Securities in the future without having to obtain Shareholder approval for such issues under Listing Rule 7.1.

To this end, Resolution 8 seeks Shareholder approval to ratify the issue under and for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4.

If Resolution 8 is passed, the issue of these options will be excluded in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively increasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the date the Company issued the options. If all of the Options the subject of Resolution 6 are exercised, the Company will receive approximately \$250,000 in exercise monies.

If Resolution 8 is not passed, the issue of these options will be included in calculating the Company's 15% limit in Listing Rule 7.1, effectively decreasing the number of Equity Securities the Company can issue without Shareholder approval over the 12 months following the issued date.

Resolution 8 seeks Shareholder approval of the issue under and for the purposes of Listing 7.4.

Details as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.5:

Names of allottees:	Precious Tori Limited. (Who is not a related party to the Company under Listing Rule 10.1 or 10.11 and is not a material investor as defined in section 7.4 of Guidance Note 21).
Number of securities to be allotted:	1,250,000 Unlisted Options.
Issue price:	Nil cash consideration
Terms:	The full terms and conditions of the Options issued under Resolution 8 are set out in Appendix A. Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one fully paid ordinary share. The options vested on 11 October 2024 and are exercisable at any time before the Expiry Date.
Exercise price:	\$0.20 per share
Vesting date:	The options vested on 11 October 2024.
Expiry date:	11 October 2027.
Intended use of funds:	The Options are free Options and therefore, no funds were raised from the issue. Any funds raised on exercise will be applied towards insuring Dome is well funded to continue progress in the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) at Sigatoka Iron Sand project in Fiji and for general corporate and working capital purposes. The options were not issued under an agreement.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on Resolution 8 by or on behalf of:

- Precious Tori Limited who participated in the issue or;
- an associate of that person or those persons.

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of a Resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 8.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 8.

Resolution 9 Approval of additional capacity to issue securities

ASX Listing Rule 7.1A enables the Company to issue equity securities up to 10% of its issued share capital through placements over a 12 month period after the AGM ('10% Placement Facility'). The 10% Placement Facility is in addition to the Company's 15% placement capacity under ASX Listing Rule 7.1. Listed entities with a market cap of \$300 million or less are eligible to seek shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1A and the Company's approximate market cap at the time of this Notice of Meeting is \$73.34 million.

If Resolution 9 is not passed, the Company would not be able to issue securities and it will not be able to raise funds under this 10% placement facility.

If Resolution 9 is passed, the Company will be able to issue Equity Securities up to the combined 25% limit in Listing Rules 7.1 and 7.1A without any further Shareholder approval.

Resolution 9, which is a Special Resolution requiring 75% of votes cast to be in favour of the resolution, seeks shareholder approval for the Company to have the ability to issue equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility on the following terms:

(a) Placement Period

Shareholder approval of the 10% Placement Facility is valid from the date of the AGM and expires on the earlier of:

- (i) the date that is 12 months after the date of the AGM;
- (ii) the time and date of the Company's next AGM; or
- (iii) the date of the approval by shareholders of a transaction under ASX Listing Rules 11.1.2 (a significant change to the nature or scale of activities) or 11.2 (disposal of main undertaking).

(b) Equity Securities

Any equity securities issued under the 10% Placement Facility must be in the same class as an existing quoted class of equity securities of the Company which, in the Company's case, are fully paid ordinary shares.

(c) Formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility.

The maximum number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility is calculated as follows:

$$(A \times D) - E$$

Where: A is the number of fully paid ordinary shares on issue 12 months before the date of issue or agreement:

- (i) plus the number of fully paid ordinary shares issued in the 12 months under an exception in ASX Listing Rule 7.2 other than exception 9, 16 or 17;
- (ii) plus the number of fully paid ordinary shares issued in the 12 months on the conversion of convertible securities within ASX Listing Rule 7.2 exception 9 where:
 - a. the convertible securities were issued or agreed to be issued before the commencement of the 12 month period; or
 - b. the issue of, or agreement to issue, the convertible securities was approved or taken under the ASX Listing Rules to have been approved under ASX Listing Rule 7.1 or ASX Listing Rule 7.4;
- (iii) plus the number of fully paid ordinary shares issued in the relevant period under an agreement to issue securities within ASX Listing Rule 7.2 exception 16 where:
 - a. the agreement was entered into before the commencement of the 12 month period; or
 - b. the agreement or issue was approved or taken under the ASX Listing Rules to have been approved under ASX Listing Rule 7.1 or ASX Listing Rule 7.4;
- (iv) plus the number of partly paid ordinary shares that became fully paid in the 12 months;
- (v) plus the number of fully paid shares issued in the 12 months with approval of holders of shares under ASX Listing Rule 7.1 and 7.4;
- (vi) less the number of fully paid shares cancelled in the 12 months.

D is 10%.

E is the number of fully paid ordinary shares issued or agreed to be issued under ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.2 in the 12 months before the date of the issue or agreement to issue that are not issued with the approval of shareholders under ASX Listing Rules 7.1 or 7.4.

(d) Minimum Issue Price

The minimum issue price of equity securities issued for the purpose of Listing Rule 7.1.A.3 must not be less than 75% of the volume weighted average price of equity securities in the same class calculated over the 15 trading days on which trades were recorded immediately before:

- (i) the date on which the price at which the equity securities are to be issued is agreed by the Company and the recipient of the equity securities; or
- (ii) if the equity securities are not issued within 10 trading days of the date in paragraph (i) above, the date on which the equity securities are issued.

(e) Purposes for which the funds raised by an issue of equity securities may be used

The Company may issue Equity Securities under the 10% Placement Capacity for cash consideration only, and the Company intends to use any funds raised under such an issue for continued exploration and evaluation of the Company's exploration projects and general working capital.

(f) Risk of Economic and Voting Dilution

If Resolution 9 is approved by shareholders and the Company issues equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility, the existing shareholders' voting power in the Company will be diluted as shown in the table below. Further, there is a risk that:

- (i) the market price for the Company's equity securities may be significantly lower on the date of the issue of the equity securities than on the date of the AGM; and
- (ii) the equity securities may be issued at a price that is at a discount to the market price for the Company's equity securities on the issue date.

If this Resolution 9 is not approved by shareholders, then the Company will not have the flexibility of an available additional 10% capacity to issue Shares under the 10% Placement Facility described in this Explanatory Memorandum. The Company not having the 10% Placement Facility will have no effect on the Company's existing [ASX Listing Rule 7.1 15% capacity](#).

Because variable A in the formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility, and consequently the number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility, can change during the Placement Period, the table below shows a matrix of scenarios of the potential dilution of existing shareholders as at the date of the AGM on the basis of:

- (i) the issue price of equity securities being the current approximate market price of fully paid ordinary shares, plus 50% and minus 50%; and
- (ii) the maximum number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility in accordance with the definition of Variable A in the formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility increasing by 50% and 100%.

Variable A in 10% Placement Facility under ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.2	Voting Dilution and Placement Facility Capacity	Issue Price and Funds Raised		
		50% Decrease in Current Approximate Market Price \$0.088	Current Approximate Market Price \$0.175*	50% Increase in Current Approximate Market Price \$0.263
Current Variable A 419,071,310 shares	10% 41,907,131 Shares	\$3,666,874	\$7,333,748	\$11,000,622
50% increase in current Variable A 628,606,965 shares	13.0% 62,860,697 Shares	\$5,500,311	\$11,000,622	\$16,500,933
100% increase in current Variable A 838,142,620 shares	16.7% 83,814,262 shares	\$7,333,748	\$14,667,496	\$22,001,244

*The current approximate market price of \$0.175 was the closing price as at 29 September 2025.

The above table is based on the following assumptions:

- (i) There are currently 419,071,310 shares on issue and all figures in the table are calculated on an undiluted basis.
- (ii) The Company issues the maximum possible number of equity securities under the 10% Placement Capacity.
- (iii) The issue of equity securities under the 10% Placement Capacity consists only of shares. If the issue of equity securities includes quoted options, it is assumed that those quoted options are exercised into shares for the purpose of calculating the voting dilution effect on existing shareholders.
- (iv) The calculations above do not show the dilution that any one particular shareholder will be subject to. All shareholders should consider the dilution caused to their own shareholding depending on their specific circumstances.
- (v) This table does not set out any dilution pursuant to approvals under ASX Listing Rule 7.1.
- (vi) The 10% voting dilution reflects the aggregate percentage dilution against the issued share capital at the time of issue. This is why the voting dilution is shown in each example as 10%.

(g) Allocation policy

The Company's allocation policy is dependent on the prevailing market conditions at the time of any proposed issue pursuant to the 10% Placement Facility. As there is no issue currently proposed, the identity of the allottees is not currently known and will be determined on a case-by-case basis at the time of allotment, having regard to factors including, but not limited to, the following:

- (i) the methods of raising funds that are available to the Company, including but not limited to, rights issues or other issues in which existing security holders can participate;
- (ii) the effect of the issue of the equity securities on the control of the Company;
- (iii) the financial situation and solvency of the Company; and
- (iv) advice from corporate, financial and broking advisers (if applicable).

The allottees under the 10% Placement Facility have not currently been determined but may include existing substantial shareholders and/or new shareholders who are not related parties or associates of a related party of the Company.

(h) Prior approval

The Company obtained shareholder approval under ASX Listing Rule 7.1A at its 2024 Annual General Meeting.

(i) Other

The Company issued a total of 47,202,650 equity securities made up of 45,172,650 ordinary fully paid shares and 2,030,000 unlisted options in the 12 months preceding the date of this Notice of Annual General Meeting which, based on the number of Equity Securities on issue at the commencement of that period, represents 10.95% of the Company's Equity Securities.

The Company has not issued any securities under Listing Rule 7.1A during the 12 months preceding the date of this Notice of Annual General Meeting.

Voting Exclusion:

The Company will disregard any votes cast on Resolution 9 by any person who is expected to participate in, or who will obtain a material benefit as a result of, the proposed issue (except a benefit solely by reason of being a holder of ordinary securities in the entity).

However, this does not apply to a vote cast in favour of the resolution by:

- a person as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with directions given to the proxy or attorney to vote on the resolution in that way; or
- the chair of the meeting as proxy or attorney for a person who is entitled to vote on the resolution, in accordance with a direction given to the chair to vote on the resolution as the chair decides; or
- a holder acting solely in a nominee, trustee, custodial or other fiduciary capacity on behalf of a beneficiary provided the following conditions are met:
 - the beneficiary provides written confirmation to the holder that the beneficiary is not excluded from voting, and is not an associate of a person excluded from voting, on the resolution; and
 - the holder votes on the resolution in accordance with directions given by the beneficiary to the holder to vote in that way.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 9.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 9.

Appendix “A”

OPTIONS TERMS AND CONDITIONS

1. The maximum number of options to be issued is set by the Board.
2. The Options may be exercised at any time prior to the Expiry Date wholly or in part by delivering a duly completed form of notice of exercise together with payment of the exercise price per Option exercised to the Company.
3. Each Option entitles the holder to subscribe for and be allotted one ordinary share (Share) in Dome Gold Mines Ltd, at an exercise price of \$0.20 per Option, expiring 36 months from the date of issue (Expiry Date).
4. The Options expire at 5:00 pm Eastern Standard Time on the Expiry Date.
5. Any Options not exercised on or before the Expiry Date will automatically lapse.
6. All Shares allotted on the exercise of Options will rank equally in all respects with the Company's then existing ordinary fully paid ordinary shares.
7. The Options must not be assigned, transferred or otherwise dealt with except with the approval of the Board or in the case of a takeover offer or a Scheme of Arrangement.
8. The Options will not be listed on The Australian Securities Exchange (ASX), although the Company will apply for the official quotation of any shares which are issued as a result of an exercise of Options.
9. Shares allotted and issued pursuant to the exercise of Options will be allotted and issued not more than 10 business days after receipt of a properly executed notice of exercise of the Options and payment of the requisite application monies.
10. There are no participating rights or entitlements inherent in the Options and holders will not be entitled to participate in new issues of capital offered or made to shareholders during the currency of the Options unless they exercise their Options prior to the date for determining entitlements to participate in any such issue.
11. There will be no change to the exercise price of the Options or the number of Shares over which the Options are exercisable in the event of the Company making a pro rata issue of shares or other securities to the holders of ordinary shares in the Company.
12. In the event of any reorganisation of the issued capital of the Company on or prior to the Expiry Date, the rights of an option-holder will be changed to the extent necessary to comply with the applicable ASX Listing Rules applying to a reorganisation of capital at the time of the reorganisation, including the number of Options held, the number of securities to be issued on exercise of the Options, the exercise price, the due date for payment and the consequences of non-payment.
13. The Options are transferable provided the holder has obtained the prior written consent of the Board to the transfer and the transfer complies with section 707(3) of the Corporations Act.

Shareholder:

I/We being a member/s of Dome Gold Mines Ltd and entitled to attend and vote HEREBY APPOINT

☐

the Chairman of the Meeting (mark box)

OR if you are not appointing the Chair of the Meeting as your proxy, please write the name of the person or body corporate (excluding the registered shareholder) you are appointing as your proxy below

or failing the individual or body corporate named, or if no individual or body corporate is named, the Chairman of the Meeting, as my/our Proxy to act generally at the meeting on my/our behalf and to vote in accordance with the following directions (or if no directions have been given, as to the extent permitted by law, as the proxy sees fit) at the Annual General Meeting of Dome Gold Mines Ltd to be held at Level 46, 680 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000 on Friday 21 November 2025 at 11:00 am (AEDT) and at any adjournment or postponement of that meeting.

The Proxy is directed by me/us to vote as indicated by the marks in the appropriate voting boxes below:

RESOLUTIONS

1. Adoption of the Remuneration Report
2. Re-election of Sarah Harvey
3. Ratification of prior issue of 530,000 Ordinary shares
4. Ratification of prior issue of 265,000 unlisted options
5. Ratification of prior issue of 265,000 unlisted options
6. Ratification of prior issue of 2,500,000 Ordinary shares
7. Ratification of prior issue of 2,500,000 unlisted options
8. Ratification of prior issue of 1,250,000 unlisted options
9. Approval of additional capacity to issue equity securities

FOR AGAINST ABSTAIN

☐	☐	☐
☐	☐	☐
☐	☐	☐
☐	☐	☐
☐	☐	☐
☐	☐	☐
☐	☐	☐
☐	☐	☐
☐	☐	☐

The Chairman of the Meeting is authorised to exercise undirected proxies on remuneration related matter (Resolution 1): If I/we have appointed the Chairman of the Meeting as my/our proxy or the Chairman of the Meeting becomes my/our proxy by default, by signing and submitting this form I/we expressly authorise the Chairman of the Meeting to exercise my/our proxy in respect of Resolution 1 (except where I/we have indicated a different voting intention above) even though Resolution 1 is connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of a member of key management personnel for Dome Gold Mines Ltd, which includes the Chairman.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote all undirected proxies in favour of each resolution (including Resolution 1). If you have appointed the Chairman of the Meeting as your proxy (or the Chairman of the Meeting becomes your proxy by default), and you wish to give the Chairman specific voting directions on an item, you should mark the appropriate box/es opposite those resolutions above (directing the Chairman to vote for, against or to abstain from voting).

If you mark the Abstain box for a particular item, you are directing your proxy not to vote on your behalf on a show of hands or on a poll and your vote will not be counted in calculating the required majority if a poll is called.

PLEASE SIGN HERE - This section *must* be signed in accordance with the instructions overleaf to enable your directions to be implemented.

Individual or Securityholder 1

XSole Director and
Sole Company Secretary

Securityholder 2

Director

Securityholder 3

Director/Company Secretary

Dated: __/__/2025

How to Complete the Proxy Form

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

This form shows your address as it appears on the Company's share register. If this information is incorrect, please make the correction on the form. Shareholders sponsored by a broker should advise their broker of any changes.

APPOINTMENT OF A PROXY

If you wish to appoint the Chair as your proxy, mark the box in Step 1. If you wish to appoint someone other than the Chair, please write that person's name in the box in Step 1. A proxy need not be a shareholder of the Company. A proxy may be an individual or a body corporate.

DEFAULT TO THE CHAIR OF THE MEETING

If you leave in blank the appointment of PROXY, or if your appointed proxy does not attend the Meeting, then the proxy appointment will automatically default to the Chair of the Meeting.

VOTING DIRECTIONS – PROXY APPOINTMENT

You may direct your proxy on how to vote by placing a mark in one of the boxes opposite each resolution of business. All your shares will be voted in accordance with such a direction unless you indicate only a portion of voting rights are to be voted on any resolution by inserting the percentage or number of shares you wish to vote in the appropriate box or boxes. If you do not mark any of the boxes on a given resolution, your proxy may vote as they choose to the extent they are permitted by law. If you mark more than one box on a resolution, your vote on that resolution will be invalid.

PROXY VOTING BY KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

If you wish to appoint a Director (other than the Chair) or other member of the Company's key management personnel, or their closely related parties, as your proxy, you must specify how they should vote on Resolution 1, by marking the appropriate box. If you do not, your proxy will not be able to exercise your vote for Resolution 1.

PLEASE NOTE: If you appoint the Chair as your proxy (or if they are appointed by default) but do not direct them how to vote on a resolution (that is, you do not complete any of the boxes "For", "Against" or "Abstain" opposite that resolution), the Chair may vote as they see fit on that resolution.

APPOINTMENT OF A SECOND PROXY

You are entitled to appoint up to two persons as proxies to attend the meeting and vote on a poll. If you wish to appoint a second proxy, an additional Proxy Form may be obtained by telephoning Advanced Share Registry Limited or you may copy this form and return them both together.

To appoint a second proxy, you must:

- (a) On each Proxy Form, state the percentage of your voting rights or the number of shares applicable to that form. If the appointments do not specify the percentage or number of votes that each proxy may exercise, each proxy may exercise half your votes. Fractions of votes will be disregarded; and
- (b) Return both forms together.

COMPLIANCE with LISTING RULE 14.11

In accordance to Listing Rule 14.11, if you hold shares on behalf of another person(s) or entity/entities or you are a trustee, nominee, custodian or other fiduciary holder of the shares, you are required to ensure that the person(s) or entity/entities for which you hold the shares are not excluded from voting on resolutions where there is a voting exclusion. Listing Rule 14.11 requires you to receive written confirmation from the person or entity providing the voting instruction to you and you must vote in accordance with the instruction provided.

By lodging your proxy votes, you confirm to the company that you are in compliance with Listing Rule 14.11.

CORPORATE REPRESENTATIVES

If a representative of a nominated corporation is to attend the meeting, the appropriate "Certificate of Appointment of Corporate Representative" should be produced prior to admission in accordance with the Notice of Meeting. A Corporate Representative Form may be obtained from Dome Gold Mines Ltd.

SIGNING INSTRUCTIONS ON THE PROXY FORM

Individual:

Where the holding is in one name, the security holder must sign.

Joint Holding:

Where the holding is in more than one name, all shareholders should sign.

Power of Attorney:

If you have not already lodged the Power of Attorney with Advanced Share Registry, please attach the original or a certified photocopy of the Power of Attorney to this form when you return it.

Companies:

Where the company has a Sole Director who is also the Sole Company Secretary, this form must be signed by that person. If the company (pursuant to section 204A of the Corporations Act 2001) does not have a Company Secretary, a Sole Director can sign alone. Otherwise this form must be signed by a Director jointly with either another Director or a Company Secretary. Please sign in the appropriate place to indicate the office held.

Persons entitle to attend and vote

The Company has determined, in accordance with regulation 7.11.37 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth), that the Company's shares quoted on the ASX Limited at 7:00 pm Australian Eastern Daylight Time (AEDT) on 19 November 2025 are taken, for the purposes of the Annual General Meeting to be held by the persons who held them at that time. Accordingly, those persons are entitled to attend and vote (if not excluded) at the meeting.

Lodgment of a Proxy

This Proxy Form (and any Power of Attorney under which it is signed) must be received at an address given below no later than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting.

Documents may be lodged:

IN PERSON: Registered Office – Level 46, 680 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000, Australia
BY MAIL: GPO Box 1759, Sydney NSW 2001, Australia
BY FAX: +61 2 9012 0041
BY E-MAIL: info@domegoldmines.com.au